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FRIDAY, JULY 9, 1937.

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## PEACE NEGOTIATIONS BROKEN OFF, CHINESE REFUSING TO DISARM

### Tokyo Gravely Concerned Over Peiping Situation, Rushing Fresh Troops to Fengtai

Tokyo, July 9.

The War Ministry has deferred all army discharges, scheduled for Saturday, pending the settlement of the China issue.

The War Department has received a message from Peiping stating that peace negotiations have been broken off, and that Chinese troops at Lukouchiao have refused to allow themselves to be disarmed.

The Domei News Agency represents the War Ministry as being gravely concerned.—United Press.

#### FIGHTING GROWS MORE SEVERE

Peiping, July 9.

Official Chinese reports, not released until to-day, state that fighting continued until about 2.10 p.m. yesterday and that the afternoon's engagements were worse than the morning's.

Neither side has revealed the results of operations thus far.

It is officially reported that a Japanese troop train, carrying cavalry, Red Cross corps, and 300 men of mechanised units, with 44 armoured trucks and tanks, has arrived at Fengtai. This train came from Tientsin. Another 200 men have arrived from Tungchow.—United Press.

#### HOSTILITIES CEASE AND START AGAIN

Peiping, July 9.  
The Domei News Agency correspondent here reports that hostilities ceased yesterday afternoon at 2.30 o'clock.

Last night and early this morning Japanese troops in Peiping itself were busy sandbagging the Japanese Embassy as a precautionary measure.

It was unconfirmedly reported in Chinese despatches that hostilities were resumed later in the day.

The Foreign Office at Nanking has verbally protested to the Japanese Embassy, reserving the right to make demands.

From Tientsin comes denial of the Chinese report that a Japanese troop train from that city, bound for Peiping, had been held up by Chinese troops of the 20th Army. A military spokesman made this denial.

At the same time he estimated that the Japanese losses were 10 killed.

He made no mention of wounded.—United Press.

#### JAPANESE DEMAND

Peiping, July 9.  
The Japanese military authorities here have demanded the complete withdrawal of Chinese troops from the neighbourhood of Wangping (Wangpinghsien). But the Chinese have lodged a counter demand for the withdrawal of Japanese troops to their regular garrison positions.

Both sides have expressed the wish to localise the incident and are trying to work out a compromise, suggestions for which have been referred to General Kanichiro Tasaka, G.O.C. Japanese forces in North China.

The Japanese Embassy here has been barricaded as a precautionary measure.—Reuter.

## RUSSIA PROTESTS SHARPLY

### Demands Japanese Withdrawal From Amur Islands

Moscow, July 9.

M. Maxim Litvinoff, Soviet Commissar for Foreign Affairs, to-day summoned Mr. Mamoru Shigemitsu, Japanese Ambassador, and protested energetically against the alleged violation of the recent agreement for the withdrawal of Russian and Manchukuoan troops from the disputed Amur River Islands of Senussa and Bolshoi.

He stated that since the beginning of hostilities in Spain instructions to British warships in Spanish waters have been to defend themselves against any definitely hostile attacks by aircraft. These instructions applied without any discrimination whatsoever to aircraft of both the contending parties.—British Wires.

## BRITISHER DISPLACES AMERICAN

### Reginald Whitcombe Now Leads Field In British Open

Outstanding feature of yesterday's play in the British Open Golf Championship which is taking place at Carnoustie, was the displacing of Ed. Dudley the American, as leader of the field, by Reginald Whitcombe, the Englishman, and the failure of players such as Gene Sarazen, Tony Manero, Alfred Perry, Joe Kirkwood, Sweeny and Ernest Whitcombe, to qualify for the concluding rounds.

Reginald Whitcombe had a 70 to make his aggregate 142, but Dudley, suffering from a bad foot, required 74 and brought his total to 144. Charles Whitcombe tied for second position with 144, yesterday shooting a 71.

Paddington and Cotton are still in the running with scores of 148 each, but Hagen, Horton Smith and Locke, each with 148, and Ralph Guldahl, another American Ryder Cupper with 149, have but faint chance of recovering lost ground.

The detailed scores and description will be found on page 8.

## CELEBRATION OF VICTORY

Canton, July 9.  
The city is gay with flags to-day in celebration of the anniversary of Marshal Chiang Kai-shek's victorious march northward eleven years ago.

Although newspapers and a number of other concerns are remaining closed, it is not a general holiday and banks and cinemas, and most other business houses are functioning as usual.—Reuter.

#### NAVAL AGREEMENTS

London, July 9.  
It is expected that the signature will take place next week of the Anglo-German and Anglo-Russian naval agreements. These deal with qualitative naval armaments and bring Germany and Russia into line with the 1936 London Naval Treaty.—British Wires.

## FIGHTING RENEWED

Peiping, July 9.

Fighting has broken out again following the collapse of negotiations between Chinese and Japanese.

Tokyo despatches say the Japanese fleet in China waters has been ordered to stand by.—Reuter.

#### A "DUD" INSURGENT SHELL



To-day's news from Spain shows that the Government offensive is continuing to the north of Madrid. Here are seen some Loyalist troops with an Insurgent shell which recently fell in Valencia, fortunately without exploding.

## CHINA'S ARMY CHEERFULLY AWAITS FIGHT

### Young Troops Prepare To Defend Wangping: Snipers are Active

(Special to "Telegraph")

Peiping, July 9.  
I visited Wangpinghsien this afternoon and saw ragged Chinese youths, in uniforms of grey, armed with automatic rifles, cheerfully manning the walls of the town and rapidly sandbagging their positions and digging trenches for cover at both ends of Marco Polo Bridge (Lukuchiao). I saw more of these young soldiers three miles away, on the other side of the Yingting River, towards Changhsintien, where are situated the important Pinghan Railway Works.

"All of these Chinese troops indicated that they were determined to resist any attack. Their morale was of the highest.

The Japanese are close by, on the north side of the Peiping-Hankow Railway. They hold the steel railway bridge 200 yards upstream from the Marco Polo Bridge.

## Conflicting Claims

### Insurgents State Loyalists Halted

Madrid, July 9.  
The Government offensive on the northern sector of the Madrid front continues with success, according to a communiqué issued to-day.

It states the Loyalist troops advanced still further capturing a number of villages.

Insurgent reports, however, assert the Government attacks were repulsed with heavy losses.

"Severe fighting is reported on the Biscay front.—Reuter Bulletin Service.

## SETTLEMENT IN EUROPE NOT OUT OF REACH

### Withdrawal of Foreign Troops From Spain First Essential

#### CHAMBERLAIN SPEAKS

London, July 8.

"With a little ingenuity and goodwill we should solve our difficulties, which would be immediately relieved if we agreed on withdrawal of volunteers and to leaving Spain to settle her own future herself," declared Britain's Prime Minister, Mr. Neville Chamberlain, speaking at the Albert Hall to-night.

"If we are wise we will not allow our attention to be wholly concentrated on Spain, because the troubles arising from that place are only a by-product of deeper causes of unrest in Europe," he said.

The Prime Minister regretted the events which caused the postponement of Baron Konstantin von Neurath's visit to London, and expressed the hope that another occasion would arise for discussions which might lead to a better understanding of each other's viewpoints.

Mr. Chamberlain paid a tribute to the work of Mr. Malcolm MacDonald, Dominions' Secretary, at the Imperial Conference. His conversation with the Dominions' representatives on problems of common interest did much to ensure general satisfaction. This was well illustrated by the speech of Mr. W. L. Mackenzie King, Canadian Prime Minister, in Paris, where he said:

"Any threat to England would bring Canada immediately to her side."

#### Rearmament Approved

It was his opinion, said Mr. Chamberlain, that the unanimous approval of the representatives of the Dominions and India where British rearmament was concerned, was assisted materially by the fact that the programme emanated from a National Government, and not a party Cabinet. For the Empire's representatives themselves belonged to various parties, and none ever suspected Britain had any other object in rearming than the maintenance of peace.

"I am convinced that the re-establishment of our strength of arms, like that of other peace-loving nations across the Atlantic, will convince the world in time of the wisdom of settling differences peacefully, instead of by force," declared the Prime Minister.

Rearmament was not wholly responsible for the present high record of employment in Great Britain, Mr. Chamberlain asserted. "There are a number of reasons why it is extremely unlikely that we shall ever experience a repetition of such a depression as that of 1931. Rising prices of the primary commodities, increasing purchasing power of some of our former best customers are guarantees against it."

"If we use ingenuity and taste, and keep up our quality, we shall have plenty of work for many years," he believed.—Reuter.

#### Von Neurath's Visit

London, July 8.  
With regard to press references to the possibility of an early visit to London of the German Foreign Minister, it was pointed out in London to-day that Baron von Neurath's visit, which was to have been paid a fortnight ago, was at that time merely postponed, and that so far as the British Government were concerned the invitation was still open.—British Wires.

#### CLIPPER AT SOUTHAMPTON

London, July 8.  
The Pan-American Clipper III arrived at the temporary air base at Southampton Water from Farnborough to-day. A welcome was given to Captain Harold Gray, commander, and members of the crew by the Mayor of Southampton and officials of the Air Ministry and Imperial Airways.—British Wires.

Specially for Women



# fortune forecast by ASMODEL

## Saturn and Uranus

MASCOTS: The Raven and the Owl

Birthdays between December 23 and February 19

Another lucky Day for most of you. In business you'll meet with success.

If you are young and heart-free, social activities will be a bright spot. You'll make fresh friends. A chance meeting may lead to romance.

## Jupiter

MASCOTS: The Lark and the Pheasant

Birthdays between February 20 and March 29, and between November 22 and December 22

If you are in business practise caution and steer clear of quarrels with your co-workers. Trouble in some form through subordinates is not unlikely.

You may find people stubborn and dogmatic in their opinions. The clouds will lift on when you are due to have rather a gay time, but you will find pleasure rather expensive.

## Mars

MASCOTS: The Eagle and the Hawk

Birthdays between March 21 and April 20, and between October 23 and November 21

This is a time when your heart may rule your head. If you marry in haste you are sure to repent at leisure. Your work and public activities offer you the best chance of contentment.

In finance, play for safety. Don't lend any money or you will probably lose it.

## The Sun

MASCOT: The Cock

Birthdays between July 23 and August 22

Your correspondence is going to please you. You may hear some very pleasant news.

Music, the drama, and most cultural activities are well starred.

In business and in your private affairs guard against extravagance. Money will slip through your fingers. Shut your purse.

## The Moon

MASCOT: The Duck

Birthdays between June 22 and July 22

Travel will be to the fore. Good luck may come to you through a journey, which may lead to happy changes in your domestic environment.

Social activities and romance will probably hold snags for most of you.

Love affairs are likely to end abruptly. Strife will be in the air.

## Venus

MASCOTS: The Swallow and the Dove

Birthdays between September 23 and October 22, and between April 21 and May 22

This will probably be a time of tension for most of you. Say little, do little. Seek solitude.

If you are a worker, wind up old affairs, but don't start any new ones. Avoid committing yourself. Do nothing in a hurry or you may regret it.

Your prospects will be much brighter next week.

## Mercury

MASCOTS: The Magpie and the Parrot

Birthdays between May 23 and June 21, and between August 23 and September 22

Don't go outside your home in search of happiness. The stay-at-homes will have the best of it.

Finance will be favourable to you, but this will be an expensive time for most of you. The money you make at the beginning of a week you are likely to lose before Sunday.

Brighten your smile with KOLYNOS



## NATURAL WHITENESS Restored To Dull Off-Color Teeth

An antiseptic cleansing dentifrice that's bringing new attractiveness to thousands

Don't let dull, discolored teeth rob you of social charm or business success—do what countless thousands are doing. Brush your teeth with Kolynos the Antiseptic Dental Cream which dentists approve. It is famous for the brilliance and natural whiteness it gives to teeth and the

fresh feeling it leaves in the mouth. Kolynos is economical, too, because you use only half as much as you would of ordinary toothpaste—a half-inch on a dry brush is enough.

Try Kolynos and see for yourself what it will do for your teeth.

You too, can have that sparkling Kolynos smile

**KOLYNOS**  
DENTAL CREAM  
Economise—  
buy the large tube

## BOATER STRAWS are back again



BACK into fashion has come the old-fashioned boater straw—look at your family album, and you'll find that everyone wore an absurd little sailor hat made of it on the river about 1900. In 1937 it is being used for some of the most attractive flat hats of the season. There's the Connor coolie hat—photographed on the right—inspired by the headgear of the Chinese coolies worn in the film "The Good Earth." Grand, this looks, finished by a bow of black velvet ribbon in front of the little rounded point which stands for the crown, and with a matching band at the back to keep it on.

Or you can have it, also in a Connor model, with a flat crown and one of the new brims which turn down at the edge—top photograph. This hat is trimmed with a posy of orchid anemones, but any kind of flower trimming does this season, the gayer the better. It's an historical come-back this hat of boater straw, for there are very few straws which stand up to English weather so well and so cheerfully. Another point, too, is that it can be worn with almost any kind of colour; its own natural shade makes it blend in well.

### CHILDREN'S POCKET MONEY

A FOOL and his money are soon parted, but the folly and consequent separation can generally be traced to lack of early training. A few lucky people may be born with a "money sense" just as some have a natural artistic bent, but most folk have to grow gradually into a way of managing their money.

A mother who gives her small boy or girl "five cents for sweets" every time she is asked for it is encouraging the idea that money falls into our hands without any effort on our part.

Instead of giving odd ten cents at any odd time, it is far better to allot a suitable sum as weekly pocket money, and try to see that it is managed sensibly. But don't make the accounting for weekly pocket money such a bugbear that children become resentful and lacking in straightforwardness.

"Dad will want to see our account to-night," said a ten-year-old boy to his older sister. "Oh! All-right. You show him the pencils I bought last week. He'll never know they are the same," she replied. Instead of building up the power of managing money, the unwise father is encouraging deceit.

No detailed accounts should be demanded, but often a word of advice may lead to wiser saving and spending. Bobby may be turned from his excessive expenditure on sweets by the reminder that he wants a new train and might begin saving for it.

Children are fairly sensible and easily attracted to paths of wisdom with regard to money. One family, not at all well off, but whose junior members often receive considerable presents, except a small amount, are spent on clothing and the children choose their own.

They really enjoy the freedom of choice and thought; sometimes they make mistakes, they generally choose wisely and take much greater pride in the clothes they have themselves bought and paid for, than in any other they possess.

## Don't Be A Shadow Wife

ARE you a shadow wife? Are you a mere wisp of a person who trails at your husband's heel, потtering after him wherever he goes?

Do you reflect his ideas and opinions, and merging your own personality in his, become nothing over different attitudes of the poor little shadow? Have you allowed marriage to swamp your individuality?

When you become engaged to push by over-sensitiveness. Usually someone, there is the desire to think along his lines, to express his opinions, to like the same people and the same amusements. It is a chameleon trait, a trait that is so never yet got anyone very far.

The chameleon changes his colour with the leaf on which he sits. Innumerable wives change themselves into nothing and nobody because they have married. It is the desperate desire to express "oneness" in marriage, which is so unfortunate.

The person who has lost enthusiasm and self-expression and individual interest has ceased to be interesting any more. And, be interested here, although your husband likes you for yourself, that regard must dispose if you cease to be yourself, but merely the silly little shadow slapping at his heel.

Exercise Your Individuality

How many attractive young women have become unattractive wives, simply because they have ceased to be in—say, tennis—and who tells them that she now intends to give it

I remember saying once to my mother: "When I marry I'll want both of us to think alike like the same people, the same games, even the same food." And she replied: "You'll be a dull life then."

She was quite right.

Forgoing Hobbies

Have you not met the newly-engaged girl, who is keenly interested in tennis and who tells

### 21 YEARS AGO IN H.K.

#### SOME BUSINESS CHANGES

Mr. A. Vivian Hogg resigned from Messrs. Reiss and Co., Hongkong, and joined T. E. Griffith, Ltd., Canton, as Director. Mr. F. C. Heron was appointed manager of Messrs. Reiss and Company's Canton branch.

Mr. C. E. Tavares was appointed to act as Hongkong Agent for the

#### TO-MORROW'S PICTORIAL FEATURES

There will be a varied selection of topical illustrations in to-morrow's issue of the Telegraph Pictorial Supplement. Weddings illustrated will be

those of Mr. G. C. Burnett and Miss Olive Dulzied, Mr. G. S. Edwards and Miss G. A. da Rosa, Mr. L. E. Rozario and Mrs. Haydee da Luz Barros.

Events illustrated will include the visit of the Japanese cruiser Ashigara, the prize-giving at St. Stephen's College, and a recent outing by the Hongkong Aquarium Society. The arrival of the Airspeed "Envoy" plane from Hongkong will also be pictured, and there will be photos of Mr. and Mrs. S. H. Dodwell as they appeared when attending the Coronation ceremony in Westminster Abbey.

Some entries in the Telegraph Amateur Photographic Competition will also be reproduced.

Russian Volunteer Fleet during the absence of Captain D. A. Lukhmanoff.

The death occurred of the Rev. Fr. Andreotti, of Italian Mission in Hongkong, from typhoid fever.

Mr. Hin Yan-foo, B.A., was admitted a barrister at the Hongkong Supreme Court.

The rate of the dollar on demand was 24. 0.5/10d.

ESTB. 1750

## Purnell's Sauces and Pickles

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## THE LEADING MEDICINE

FOR  
SKIN DISEASES, ULCERS,  
SORES, ENLARGED GLANDS,  
BOILS, and BAD LEGS,  
RHEUMATIC COMPLAINTS,  
PAINFUL JOINTS,  
LOSS OF VIGOUR.

Clarke's Blood Mixture is the direct way to health as it removes the CAUSE of the disease from the blood and restores health and vitality.

Ask for  
Clarke's Blood Mixture  
Sold throughout the World  
from all Chemists and Stores  
in liquid or tablet form.

### WHEN AT HOME

## THE HONGKONG TELEGRAPH

MAY BE PURCHASED AT SELFRIDGE'S

Constance Hope

# LONDON SOCIETY WOMAN FINED £1,500 IN ATTEMPT TO EVADE CUSTOMS



Our picture shows the winner in the great Motorboat race between Pavia in the North of Italy and Venice, a distance of 400 Kilometres, which is the longest motorboat race in the world. The average speed of the winner was more than 80 Kilometres an hour.

## London's Phantom Police

By HUGH BRADY

WIRELESS communication has reached such a pitch of perfection in the Metropolitan Police area that criminals are finding their lot a far from happy one.

Scotland Yard's two big wireless stations at Denmark Hill and West Wickham, Kent, are in constant contact with the Information Room at the "Yard," and control police movements so rapidly that they can be described as phantom police forces.

The cry for more men in the force has almost died since radio came into its own, and the co-operation between wireless, the telephone, and the mobile police is making the jolliest parts of London as risky a venue for the marauding criminal as the heart of the West End.

As suburbs continue to grow the new districts are protected by the phantom forces that the radio daily calls into action.

### PUBLIC HELPING

The public also are helping the police more than formerly, and each month shows a rise in the number of calls to the Information Room at Scotland Yard by persons who previously would have sought the help of a patrolling policeman.

Almost every day arrests are made a few minutes after the first information of a crime or an offence reaches Scotland Yard.

## GAOL'S THIRD 'GUEST' IN CENTURY

Sark, Channel Island,

June 8.  
THE Gaol From Which No Prisoner Has Escaped, the State prison here, was opened to-day to receive its first "guest" for nine years.

Arthur Baker, a postman, arrested on a charge of stabbing his wife, is the third inmate in the century-long history of the gaol.

This miniature Bastille, little larger than a single car garage, is stoutly constructed of stone.

Its only weak link is the entrance, a wooden door giving on to the village street. The gaoler's key is guarded by the occupant of the cottage across the way. He keeps it on a shelf in the kitchen.

Prison records have been rather neglected, for all that is known of the first tenant is that he was a deserter and that he was locked up "a long time ago."

Prisoner No. 2 was a woman law-breaker whose name and offence are also unrecorded—"trifling crime," it said.

She began to weep as soon as the door was closed. The sound of her sobbing was too much for the keeper of the key, and after about an hour he opened the door.

The prisoner afterwards sat on the doorstep doing needlework. Friends brought their stools and knitting and sat in circle chatting to her until she was formally released.

Though now occupied again, the prison is still capable of dealing with any sudden crime wave. There is still one cell empty.

## Navy And Oil Imports

### GOVERNMENT ASSURANCE

Westminster, June 10.

The danger which may arise in a time of emergency from the Navy's reliance on imported oil fuel was the subject of a debate this evening in the House of Lords. Lord Alwyn asked whether the Government would consider the provision of dual-firing in all new warships, and commented on the difficulties that might be experienced in the event of war in conveying to this country all the oil required for an exclusively oil-fired fleet.

Since 1914, he said, our imports of oil had increased from 2,500,000 to 12,000,000 tons and most of this came from foreign sources of supply. In addition to the requirements of the Navy, large quantities of oil were required for industry and the Air Force, and however big a reserve we built up there would always be the necessity of maintaining huge imports. If warships were adapted to an alternative method of firing by coal in case of need, there would never be any difficulty about fuelling the Navy.

Lord Stanhope, replying for the Government, said that, with the exception of America and Russia, the other maritime Powers were as dependent as we were on imported oil, and there was nothing exceptional in our position. The sources of supply were numerous, and, since we were never likely to be at war with all the other countries of the world at once, he did not think there would ever be any real difficulty about getting the oil we needed.

The oil was approved in writing by 99% of dentists to whom it was sent. You can't get a substitute for Tek Tek is registered—legally protected from imitation... To clean your teeth from behind as well as in front, you must get Tek, the original shorthead toothbrush.

Mother has put  
**SHORTHEADS**  
in the  
bathroom

She's introduced the  
Tek Shorthead tooth-  
brush to the family  
—one for each member. She knows  
that the Tek is cast to measure and  
cut to clean—that it fits right inside  
the arch at the back of the teeth  
and cleans the crevices ordinary  
toothbrushes miss.

It's better to take a  
Tek.



Tek is sold surgically clean in a sealed  
carton. Six colours—crystal, hard, extra  
hard, and medium. All  
MADE IN ENGLAND. GUARANTEED  
Product of Johnson & Johnson (Gt. Britain)  
Ltd., Slough, Bucks.

ALSO TEK JUNIOR  
FOR THE CHILDREN

The technical arguments were so strongly in favour of oil fuel that they were held by the Admiralty to outweigh the disadvantages of having to import oil. The Government regarded it as essential from the strategic point of view to retain oil fuel for warships and not to go back to coal or dual firing. A Sub-Committee of the Committee of Imperial Defence kept the question of oil supplies constantly under review, and the Government hoped and believed that the measures being taken would prove adequate to any need. Reserves of oil fuel in this country were steadily accumulating and they had been accumulating for a number of years.



## CONDITIONS OF WORK IN CHINA

### APPEAL TO I.L.O.

Geneva, June 13.

The Director's report was again discussed by the International Labour Conference for four hours yesterday. A mere handful of speakers and press representatives remained to hear the last speaker, Mr. Chu Hsueh-fan (Chinese workers' delegate), make a strong plea for the abolition of extraterritoriality in China. It was, he said, due to extraterritoriality that foreign-owned factories and business concerns were exempt from China labour laws, and that all efforts to improve Chinese working conditions had met with failure.

It was impossible to force the Chinese factories to comply with the safety and sanitary regulations when the foreign-owned factories defied the regulations and could refuse to be inspected. Chinese workers expected that some action would be taken by the I.L.O. to get rid of extraterritoriality, which hindered and obstructed the improvement of working conditions in China. He called attention to the fact that it was an easy matter for foreign capital to flow into China. Factories were established by foreign capital and the Chinese were exploited and a world market flooded with cheap-labour goods.

Mr. K. de Jonge (Netherlands workers' delegate) insisted on the necessity of combating unemployment by shortening the hours of work.

Mr. Komarnicki (Polish Government delegate) disagreed with the Director's opinion that the problem of raw materials could be solved by a return to free international exchanges and that the problem had no colonial aspect. A return to free international exchanges, Mr. Komarnicki said, was impossible and colonies were necessary. Poland was greatly overpopulated. The surplus population in Polish rural districts had been estimated at five million. He hoped that practical solution of over-population and economic difficulties of Poland would be found through the I.L.O. as a result of the proposed collaboration between emigration and immigration countries.

Lord Stanhope, on behalf of the Swiss Federal Government, strongly opposed the forty-hour week. "The legislative underpinning of the forty-hour week," he said, "is a new Trojan horse which will bring no good and we refuse to let it enter our walls."

Mr. Markus, Soviet Government delegate, said that the representatives of the working-classes at the conference could always count on the support of his country in favour of the forty-hour week and against the consequences of depression, distress, and poverty.

The technical arguments were so strongly in favour of oil fuel that they were held by the Admiralty to outweigh the disadvantages of having to import oil. The Government regarded it as essential from the strategic point of view to retain oil fuel for warships and not to go back to coal or dual firing. A Sub-Committee of the Committee of Imperial Defence kept the question of oil supplies constantly under review, and the Government hoped and believed that the measures being taken would prove adequate to any need. Reserves of oil fuel in this country were steadily accumulating and they had been accumulating for a number of years.

## REMARKABLE STORY TOLD IN COURT

### LADY PRESCOTT'S ADMISSIONS

Lady (Elizabeth) Prescott, Gloucester Square, London, was fined £1,500, and two guineas costs, at Croydon Police Court, last month on a summons alleging that on April 26, at Croydon Airport, she was knowingly concerned in a fraudulent attempt to evade payment of Customs duty on two ruby and diamond dress clips, two hats, a silk night-gown, cotton costume, fur cape, and diamond, gold, and silver vanity box, valued £680 10s.

She said, as it was a present, and had been worn, and seeing that it was not silk she did not think that it had to be declared.

Mr. Stephenson added, "In my opinion this is a very clear attempt indeed to defraud the authorities."

The value of the articles was £680 10s. on which the duty payable was £203 18s. 4d.

The maximum penalty which the Bench had power to impose in this case was £2,653.

### DELIBERATE FRAUD

"In my submission," said Mr. Stephenson, "this is a case which should be visited with an extremely heavy penalty. It is not a case of a poor person bringing in small articles from abroad, and not in a position to pay duty."

"This is a lady in a good position, setting herself out deliberately to defraud the Revenue of its proper duties. It is only right for you to know that throughout the whole of the interviews before the Customs Officer she behaved in an extremely pleasant manner, and treated them with every possible courtesy."

There was no question of blackguarding them, or anything of that description, he added.

Mr. Duncan admitted that the offence was serious, but suggested that it was not so bad as it at first sight appeared. Was this episode, he asked, a part of a business? That feature, at all events, was entirely missing. It was not a case of this being done in unfair competition with persons lawfully paying duty.

"There is no suggestion," he said, "that this lady has been making a practice of it."

She stated quite frankly what happened about certain articles on previous occasions. He asked what really was the state of defendant's mind in these particular circumstances.

### NOT TRAFFICKING

It was quite obvious that she was not trafficking. She left Paris with a variety of luggage which he might colloquially describe as "very mixed bag." Taking it all through, he might probably be described as personal luggage.

"When this lady left Paris," he went on, "she left as a bona-fide traveller with no intention of doing anything wrong in relation to Customs or anything else. There was no fraudulent intent of any kind."

If, before seeing the Customs officer, she had any intention of smuggling or carrying out any fraudulent intention with regard to the clips, did they suppose that the case from which they had come would have been left in her luggage?

It would have been easy for her to have thrown the case out of the window, and to have placed the clips upon her garments.

The fact that the case from which these clips had come was left in her bag was the strongest possible indication that at that time she had no intention of committing any fraudulent act at all.

### VERY WRONG

Coming to the occasion of the Customs inspection, Mr. Duncan said: "It is obvious that my client, when confronted by the Customs officer, behaved, if I may say so in her presence, like a lunatic."

"She told a great number of lies. That was a very wrong and wicked thing to have done, but I want you to distinguish it from persons who come from Paris with a consignment of things with intent to defraud."

"It is hard to understand how educated and sensible persons can be so foolish as to commit acts of this kind, and lose their heads and endeavour to cover up with fabrications what is beyond repair."

After a brief retirement, Alderman W. Peel, the chairman, said that the defence had admitted a deliberate offence.

"In our opinion," he said, "it was a very despicable attempt." The amount of duty was £203. "To a lady in the defendant's position it was a paltry sum, and she ought to have been able to resist the temptation to defraud the Government of this relatively small amount."

Health to His Majesty!



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## OUR GUIDE TO THE CINEMAS

"A Family Affair" (King's Theatre, to-day).—Intensely human document emphasised in a way that only the screen can emphasise. Convincing performances by Lionel Barrymore, Cecilia Parker and Eric Linden.

"Quality Street" (Queen's Theatre, to-day).—Katherine Hepburn and Franchot Tone make a brilliant team in this wholly delightful film depiction of the late Sir James Barrie's story. First-class entertainment.

"Let Them Live" (Alhambra Theatre, to-day).—In addition to this unexpectedly good film, the programme includes a picture of the now famous "Iron Lung" in operation.

"Million Dollar Ransom" (Star Theatre, to-day).—Capable Edward Arnold in one of his neatest portrayals. Mary Carlisle also plays well in a lead, and the story is well told.

"Let's Make A Million" (Oriental Theatre, to-day).—Edward Everett Horton in a full length feature, with the droll comedian at his best. The "Pixilated Sisters" of "Mr. Deeds Goes To Town" are also in the film.

"The King's Vacation" (Majestic Theatre, to-day).—One of Mr. Arliss's more sympathetic roles. He gives it full play and makes the picture splendid entertainment.

## WATER LEVELS

## FOR WEST, NORTH AND EAST RIVERS

The River Conservancy Commission for Kwangtung Province issues the following report on water levels, in metres, for the West, North and East Rivers:

Place of	on	W.L.	W.L.
Observation	record	7/7	8/7
West River at	24.28	-0.70	+ 5.53 + 5.54
Wuchow at	24.28	0	+ 3.33 + 3.40
North River at	24.28	0	+ 2.69 + 2.77
Taiping at	24.28	-0.41	-1.52 + 1.65 + 1.60
North River at	24.28	-0.41	-1.52 + 1.65 + 1.60
East River at	24.28	-0.62	+ 1.60 + 1.62
Shekung at	24.28	-0.62	+ 1.60 + 1.62



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## NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

G. S. R.

OPIUM CHARGES DENIED  
JAVANESE PRINCE CASE

PARTICULARS & CONDITIONS of the Sale by Public Auction to be held on Monday, the 12th day of July, 1937, at 3 p.m., at the Office of the Public Works Department, by Order of His Excellency the Governor of one Lot of Crown Land at Wong Nei Chung in the Colony of Hong Kong for a term of 75 years, with the option of renewal at a Crown Rent to be fixed by the Surveyor of His Majesty the King, for one further term of 75 years.

Intending bidders are advised that immediately after the disposal of the lot the Purchaser (if not the applicant) will be required to deposit with an authorised officer who will be present at the sale, the sum of two hundred dollars, (\$200) in cash. This sum will be refunded on payment of the purchase price.

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## PARTICULARS OF THE LOT.

No. of Sale.	Lot No.	Boundary	Locality.	Boundary	Locality.	Area.	Price.
1	Lot No. 4651.	Blue Pool Road near Inland Lot No. 3625, Wong Nei Chung.	As per sale plan.	About 40,700 feet.	About 748 feet.	439,350	

## NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

## SWAN, CULBERTSON &amp; FRITZ LATEST REPORTS

New York, July 8.

S. C. & F. Dow Jones Summary of yesterday's market.—Prices were fractionally higher, but the tone of the market was quiet. There was a late rally, led by U.S. Steel. Traders remained on the side-lines in anticipation of a technical reaction, but the market advanced due to buying after some profit-taking. Rails responded to an estimate of carloadings of 800,000 cars and on heavy grain movements in the interior. It is estimated that gasoline consumption for the first six months of this year constitutes a record for any year. Bonds were higher, being led by railroad bonds. Curb stocks were irregularly higher and quiet.

S. C. & F. Wall Street Journal morning comment.—Brokers say that buyers are likely to be less aggressive. Canadians are buying paper stocks. The Street believes that floating short interest has lately been appreciably reduced. Many traders are awaiting a reaction before entering the market. The Street expects an advance in fertilizer shares in the near future.

S. C. & F. New York office cables: Stocks: Some sections of the list maintain their outstanding firmness, although there are indications of profit-taking in many divisions. General news continues to be more encouraging than otherwise, but we still feel that some sort of correction will be had to recent advance and we would defer fresh commitments until night. Witnesses will be called to prove this.

Cotton: The Government acreage estimate of cotton under cultivation totalled 34,192,000 acres, which is an increase of 10.4% over last season. These figures were mildly bullish. Substantial short-covering, better out-covering, better outside demand and trade price-fixing were features of the advance. Offerings were scarce, except for some spot-house hedging on the scale upward.

Wheat: Fluctuations were erratic. Russia is reported to be offering for August shipment. The movement of the crop in the Central Belt and in the South-West is very heavy, but poor grades are reported in many instances. Drought conditions in Canada and in the North-West United States have apparently been discounted for the time being, but these will again become a major factor unless some relief is soon experienced.

Corn: Complaints of dryness in the West are more numerous. In other sections, the weather is favourable. The Argentine offered freely but substantial discount for July, but buyers were indifferent. The shortage of domestic supplies was the chief influence in the strength of near-months and of the domestic cash position.

Rubber: The market was featureless.

Sugar: Prices were easier on scattered liquidation and on upsetting stop-loss orders. There are rumours of difficulties in Cuba regarding the extension of certificates without foundation, but many here are protesting to Havana over the delay. Some constructive statement from Cuba may be shortly forthcoming and, if this should occur, the market is in a position to stage a sharp rally.

REUTER QUOTATIONS

Dow Jones Averages: July 7, July 8.

30 Industrials ..... 177.74 177.70  
20 Rails ..... 54.20 54.71  
20 Utilities ..... 26.33 26.26  
40 Bonds ..... 101.43 101.47  
11 Commodity Index 72.57 72.60

At the resumed hearing of the case against Charles David Evans, 37, carpenter on the Javanese Prince, and Wong Yui, 61, boarding-house runner, who are charged with doing an act preparatory to the export of opium and with possession of 1,000 tolas of opium on June 17, before Mr. Keen at the Central Magistrate yesterday, submissions that were made by the defence that defendants were innocent.

Mr. W. M. Thompson, Assistant Superintendent of Imports and Exports, prosecuted and Mr. W. A. MacKinnon and Mr. J. T. Prior were for Evans and Wong respectively.

Mr. Thompson in evidence said that on June 17 Mr. Holland of Furness (Far East) Ltd, told him he had taken two cases of opium off the Javanese Prince. He handed the drugs to Mr. H. A. Taylor, Government Monopoly Analyst, who found there were 200 five-tael tins of opium in the two suitcases.

On June 27, Mr. Thompson said Evans made a statement in writing. "I then saw Wong," said Mr. Thompson. "He said he had come from Macao and denied he had a house or address in Hongkong. I was dissatisfied with his answer, and went to the floor below where I found him. There I discovered a photograph of Wong and a woman, who claimed to be his wife. I asked him why he had lied, but he merely spluttered a reply. Wong was taken to custody, and made a statement."

A. W. Holland, agent for Furness (Far East) Ltd, said when on June 17 he boarded the Javanese Prince the Indian guard, Basant Singh, told something about whisky on the ship. He did not take note of this but about 2.40 p.m. Basant Singh said something about there being opium in the carpenter's cabin. He saw the Captain immediately.

## Opium Discovered

The Chief Officer, Quartermaster, Basant Singh and himself then went to the carpenter's cabin. Singh fumbled about underneath a settled and Evans proffered assistance in getting out two suitcases with considerable difficulty. They were broken open and a number of metal tins was found.

Holland said the suitcases could not be seen from the doorway as the netting had a chink covering reaching to the floor. He thought it a natural place to put suitcases and also to hide things.

When the cases were pulled out Evans said the cases belonged to the boatswain, and he (Evans) would now have to take the consequences. Questioned by Mr. Prior, Holland said the Indian guards had orders to prevent smuggling. He thought the Captain would warn the crew not to have anything to do with opium.

Revenue Officer Ward said he saw Evans on the Siamese Prince after his return from Manila. Evans voluntarily accompanied him to the Imports and Exports Department.

Ip Chai, taxi driver, said he drove Evans, Yasin bin Dollah, and a girl in his cab on the evening of June 16.

Mr. Thomson then close his case. He said he had two other witnesses but both had disappeared.

Opening the defence on behalf of his client, Mr. MacKinnon said his story was very straightforward. Evans would tell the Court that he left the ship at Takuoo about 8 p.m. on June 10, went to Kowloon where he saw part of the 9.30 p.m. performance at the Star Theatre. He then went to Jimmy's Kitchen and then took a taxi back to Takuoo, where he arrived shortly before midnight. Witnesses will be called to prove this.

About 1.30 a.m. on June 17, continued Mr. MacKinnon, an unknown Chinese boarded the ship with two suitcases which he handed to Evans, saying they belonged to the boatswain, who had requested him to keep them for him. Evans placed the suitcases in his cabin. He asked the Chinese what they contained and was told whisky.

Later, Basant Singh asked Evans what were in the suitcases, was told whisky, and that they belonged to the boatswain. He left Evans after saying he would see the boatswain when he came on board.

Evans was awoken about 6.10 a.m. by the report that there was a fire in the engineers' mess. He went to deal with the outbreak and was engaged with another European from Takuoo in fighting the flames when 6.17 and 7 a.m. The fire was put out shortly after 6 a.m. and the boatswain came aboard a little later. Evans told him the suitcases were in his cabin and that the watchman wanted to see him. On going to the forecastle head later, he saw Dollah talking with a considerable amount of flour to Singh. That was the last time he saw the boatswain.

Mr. Thomson said he would take some time to reply to Mr. Prior and asked for an adjournment. He said he disagreed with Mr. Prior that the boatswain was an accomplice and the boatswain himself had denied this. No inducement had been offered him, to give evidence and there was no evidence that he had been put in any fear or jeopardy.

His Worship said he was prepared to discharge Wong on the charge of possession.

Mr. Thomson said there was no evidence of physical possession but he had ample evidence of constructive possession and perhaps of joint possession.

Mr. Thomson submitted Wong never had the intention of handling the opium. He was too smart for

the hearing was adjourned until July 13.

## OPINION CHARGES DENIED

## JAVANESE PRINCE CASE

## Shipping Intelligence

Shipping Companies are requested to forward, as early as possible information regarding arrivals, departures, time and mooring place and other movements.

Urgent information should be telephoned to the shipping Editor, Phone 26615.

## PORT DIRECTORY

CARTHAGE (P. & O.), Kowloon Wharf.  
CHENGTOU (B. & S.), Takuoo Dock.  
FOOSHING (M.), Kowloon Dock.  
GOVERNMENT OF CANADA (C.P.R.), Kowloon Wharf.  
KUANGTUNG (B. & S.), Takuoo Dock.  
KUTSANG (J.M.), 222.  
KUTSANG (J.M.), 310.  
KUTSANG (J.M.), 311.

## ARRIVED YESTERDAY

(Agents Phone Number Given.)

ALIPORE (P. & O.) from Moji, 6 p.m., Kowloon Wharf, 27721.  
HINSANG (J.M.) from Sandakan, 3.10 p.m., Kowloon Wharf, 30311.  
HOOTMAN (J.C.J.L.) from Europe, daylight, Kowloon Wharf, 28015.  
KWAISANG (M.) from Shanghai, 8 a.m., West Point Wharf, 30311.  
KUTSANG (J.M.) from Kobe, 0.30 a.m., Kowloon Wharf, 30311.  
POTSDAM (Melsches) from Manila, 6 a.m., Kowloon Wharf, 27722.  
TAIPEI (B. & S.) from Manila, 8 a.m., Kowloon Wharf, 30311.

## SAILED YESTERDAY

(Agents Phone Number Given.)

HOOTMAN (J.C.J.L.) for Shanghai, 5 p.m., Kowloon Wharf, 28015.  
KWAISANG (M.) for Canton, 7 p.m., West Point Wharf, 30311.

TAKSANG (J.M.) for Shanghai, 8 p.m., Kowloon Wharf, 30311.  
TAKSANG (J.M.) for Canton, 7 p.m., West Point Wharf, 30311.  
TAKSANG (J.M.) for Tientsin, 8 p.m., Kowloon Wharf, 30311.  
TAKSANG (J.M.) for Tientsin, 10 p.m., Kowloon Wharf, 30311.

## ARRIVING TO-DAY

(Agents Phone Number Given.)

GENERAL LEE (States) from Manila, 10 a.m., Kowloon Wharf, 30311.  
PRESIDENT GRANT (Dollar) from Shanghai, 7 p.m., Kowloon Wharf, 28171.

## SAILED TO-DAY

(Agents Phone Number Given.)

ALIPORE (P. & O.) for Europe, 5 p.m., midstream, 27721.  
EMPEROR OF CANADA (C.P.R.) for Honolulu, noon, Kowloon Wharf, 24045.  
YATSHING (J.M.) for Tientsin, noon, 8 p.m., 30311.

## ARRIVING TO-MORROW

(Agents Phone Number Given.)

GENERAL LEE (States) for America, a.m., 30311.  
CARTHAGE (P. & O.) for Europe, 10 a.m., Kowloon Wharf, 27721.

## BEING SHIPPED

(Agents Phone Number Given.)

ANDRE LEBOUR (M.), from Salgon, 8 a.m., Kowloon Wharf, 26651.  
GEO. PAUL DOUMER (M.), from Hongkong, 8 a.m., West Point, 26651.

NOJIMA MARU (N.Y.K.) from Shanghai, 6 a.m., Kowloon Wharf, 30291.

NOJIMA MARU (N.Y.K.) from Shanghai, 6 a.m., Kowloon Wharf, 30291.

## ARRIVED TO-MORROW

The  
**Hongkong Telegraph**  
 SEVENTH ANNUAL  
**AMATEUR PHOTOGRAPHIC COMPETITION**

June-August, 1937

**\$250 CASH PRIZES \$250**

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Third Prize: Coupon for Photographic Goods, valued \$10, donated by Agfa China Company.

**SECTION TWO:**

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First Prize: \$75 Cash, donated by "Hongkong Telegraph."

Second Prize: Coupon for Photographic Goods, valued \$50, donated by Helmut Nocht.

Third Prize: \$30 Cash, donated by "Hongkong Telegraph."

Fourth Prize: \$20 Cash, donated by "Hongkong Telegraph."

Consolation Prize: Coupon for Photographic Goods, valued \$10, donated by Agfa China Company.

READ THE RULES CAREFULLY.

**RULES**

The following Rules will govern the Competition:

- The Competition is confined exclusively to amateur photographers.
- No employee or member of any firm in the photographic trade is permitted to compete.
- The prizes will be awarded to the competitors sending in what are considered to be best photographs in each Section. Each entry must be accompanied by a form which will be published during the period of the competition, which must be rightly pasted on back of entry.
- The right to publish any or all of the entries in the Telegraph is reserved.
- All photographs entered must have been taken in the Colony of Hongkong. Photographs which have been already entered in other Competitions are ineligible.
- No responsibility will be accepted for non-delivery of, loss of, or damage to entries.

COMMENCE SENDING IN YOUR ENTRIES NOW.

**ENTRY FORM**

SECTION. ....

NAME. ....

ADDRESS. ....

DATE. ....

Please use block letters and paste this on back of each entry. If entering in Children's Section, parent please countersign here.

USE THIS FORM  
AND  
LIGHTLY PASTE IT ON THE  
BACK OF EACH ENTRY.  
  
Collect these Forms which will  
be printed daily.

**FUXMAN NOT CONVICTED DECISION REVERSED ON RE-HEARING**

Revering his former decision, Mr. Hinsworth, first Kowloon Magistrate, acquitted Charles Fuxman, proprietor of the Marcel Buffet and Bar, Nathan Road, on a charge of knowingly receiving stolen Army stores, after the case was re-opened yesterday to admit fresh evidence.

The charge concerned 66 lbs. of beef, 20 kippers and two wooden boxes, which had been stolen from Shanshupu Barracks on June 28, and taken to the cafe, where the beef was later found by the Police in the ice box and the kippers in the store room on the floor above.

Fuxman was convicted last Tuesday of knowingly receiving stolen property, the Magistrate dismissing his explanation that he had been looking after the goods while the men who brought them were having their drinks. His Worship held that if the goods had merely been in temporary custody, they would not have been removed from the backyard in which they were first placed. Despite Fuxman's plea, His Worship found him guilty, remarking that he must have known of the actions of his servants. Sentence was, however, suspended to allow fresh evidence to be admitted.

Mr. Peter Sin appeared for the defence, while Detective Sub-Inspector R. Cunningham prosecuted.

In yesterday's re-opening of the case, Mr. Sin recalled one of the cafe coolies, Chan Kat, who had carried in the box of beef from the taxi. Witness stated that a narrow spiral staircase ran up to the store room on the first floor from the backyard. About 9 o'clock on the night of June 28, he was coming down the stairs when he met another coolie, Man Hing, coming up. This coolie was carrying a box, and on his request, witness helped him take it into the store room.

The top of the box was covered with a sheet of paper, and witness, judging from the smell, knew the contents to be fish. He did not recognise the box as one of the two carried from the taxi.

A new witness, Yan Pak, the chief cook, said he had been going to the ice chest when he saw a box lying in the yard, with several cats around it. He examined it and found it to contain meat.

For fear of it going bad in the hot weather, and in case the cat got at it, he at once took the beef out of the box and put it in the ice chest. He had naturally taken it for granted that the meat was his master's, though such a large consignment was very unusual. His master had not given him any instructions on the matter.

Man Hing added that he had taken the kippers up to the store room from the backyard on the chief cook's instructions.

After quoting authority at length, Mr. Sin said: "Here is a man who owns a bar, and it is common knowledge that his place is frequented principally by servicemen. Customers come in from time to time and he being master has to accommodate them to the best of his ability. He received these boxes in the course of his business.

Innocence Pledged

"According to the evidence of a witness for the prosecution, the number one 'boy,' he told him (the boy) to return the boxes to the customers when they left. This is consistent with the innocence of the accused. "What does that show? It shows no intention of receiving these boxes except for temporary custody. Furthermore, on being asked by the customer to look after two packages, he did not bother to see what the packages were, but merely sent his number one boy out. The only inference one can draw from that is that he knew nothing of the contents or size of the packages. If he had known their size he would have sent two coolies, as the number one was forced to do. This shows that he had no knowledge of the nature of the goods or the source from which they came, for it is the only conclusion one can come to in reading and considering carefully the evidence. Furthermore, when questioned by Sub-Insp. Cunningham, he gave every facility and pointed out the men responsible.

"Is it not the conduct of an innocent man? If he was guilty he would right away manufacture a story which would throw the officer of the court.

"I think the possession of the goods has been reasonably explained by the satisfactory account given by the accused.

"It is alleged that the boxes were removed on his instructions. The facts were simply that the cook was afraid of the cats and the hot weather. It was the part of his routine to see that foodstuffs are preserved. If he did not do so, he would be reprimanded by his master. There is no reason why the master should be penalized by the mistake of his servant.

"Your Worship has heard that the spiral staircase leads to the store room, which is the proper place for the case of kippers. These were also removed as part of the routine work of the servants.

"I submit there is a total absence of conclusive evidence which would justify any tribunal to convict, and I ask your Worship to discharge accused without a stain on his character."

Magistrate's Finding

After a short adjournment, judgment was delivered as follows: In this case the defendant has been charged with receiving stolen property, the property belonging to the military authorities at Shanshupu Camp. The case was originally heard before me two days ago and I was unfortunately permitted to give judgment before the defence made an application to call further evidence.

ence. In order to admit such additional evidence, which I think in the circumstances ought to be admitted, it has been necessary to re-open the case and hear such evidence.

In a case of this nature it is necessary to show that the goods were stolen or obtained under circumstances amounting to felony or misdemeanour; that they came into the possession of the defendant and that the defendant knew that the goods were stolen. As counsel for the defence pointed out, the onus of proving these three elements remains with the prosecution throughout.

From the evidence I have heard I am satisfied that the goods did in fact belong to the military authorities, sick, headaches are danger signals which can only be disregarded at the real risk of your health. To relieve congestion in the digestive tract, to stimulate the liver, to dispel sick-headaches and to banish biliousness nothing is better than Pinckettes.

The second point is "Did the defendant receive them into his possession?" On this point the evidence is to a large extent circumstantial. There is no doubt that he instructed his boy to have them taken into his shop and to remove them to the yard at the rear of the premises. According to defendant's story he had these boxes in his custody for some 20 minutes when the police arrived and questioned him.

Yet in that short space of time one box of kippers had found its way upstairs and another box had been emptied of its contents of meat, which had been placed in the ice box. I can only infer from the evidence of the degree of control which defendant and his servants exercised over these goods that defendant had taken them into his possession.

**Only Temporary**

Defendant however argues that the possession, if any, was only temporary and that it was intended by the real owners of the property would take them away after they had finished their drinks. This point is of importance with reference to the question of guilty knowledge.

The law on this point is well stated in Halsbury's Vol. IX p. 556 which reads, "If a person is accused of receiving stolen property, and recent possession by him is established, he may be convicted of receiving it in the absence of any explanation by him of the way in which it came into his possession which might reasonably be true and which is consistent with innocence. But if he gives such an explanation, even though the jury is not convinced of its truth, the accused is entitled to be acquitted in the absence of other evidence, because the prosecution have then failed to discharge the duty cast upon it of satisfying the jury beyond reasonable doubt of the guilt of the accused."

The point then arises whether the story of the defendant is one which remains, however, the evidence which I have heard this afternoon. The value of such evidence is, I think, that it closes the gaps in the defendant's own story and the evidence of all the defence witnesses taken together makes the story of the defence a reasonable explanation of how the goods came into the recent possession of the defendant. I would repeat that it is not necessary that the jury should believe the story to be true; it suffices that it can be considered reasonable and if uncontradicted by the prosecution, the defendant is entitled to an acquittal. The defendant is accordingly acquitted and discharged.

**MILITARY MARCHES**

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C131—COLONEL BOGEY MASSED BANDS. UNDER THE DOUBLE EAGLE.

DB1015—GREAT LITTLE ARMY GRENADIER GUARDS. GARDE REPUBLICAINE.

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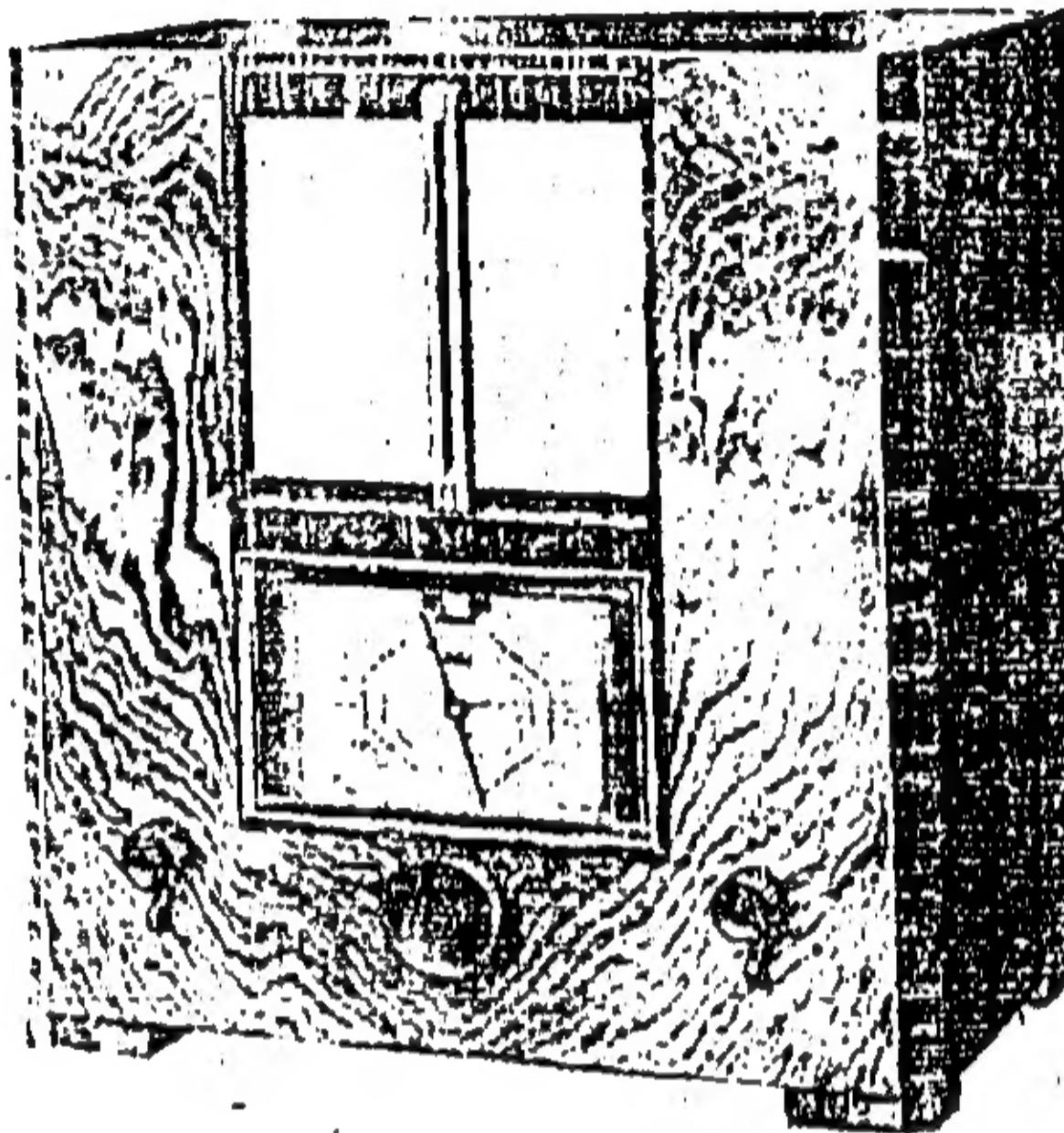
THE HONGKONG TELEGRAPH

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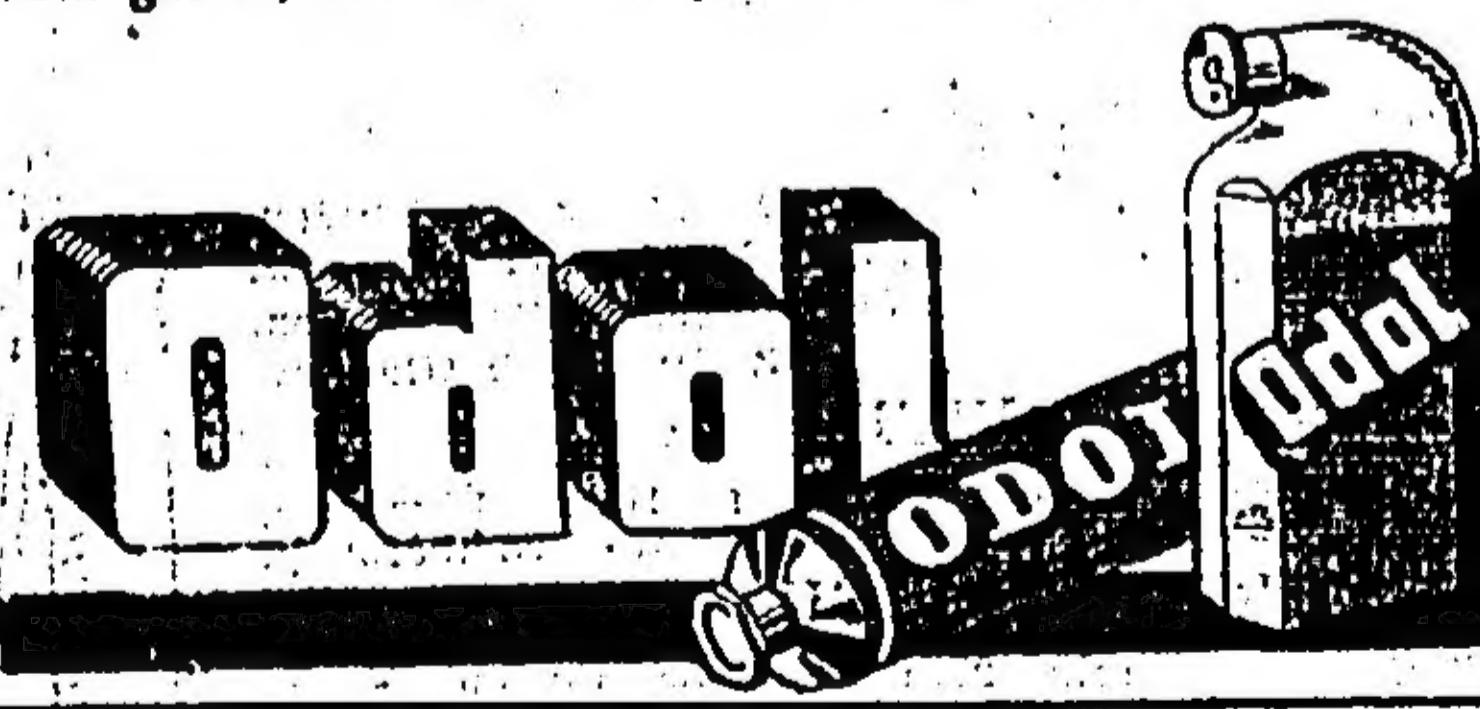
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FRIDAY, JULY 9, 1937.

## PASTEURISATION

One of the suggestions which the Hon. Mr. M. K. Lo put forward at a recent meeting of the Legislative Council in regard to the compulsory pasteurisation of milk was that the whole question should be referred to the recently-appointed committee which is at present engaged on a study of nutrition. The Government, however, did not accede to the request. It is of interest, however, to note that the Milk Nutrition Committee in England recently reported on the question whether milk, by being pasteurised, loses any of its nutritive qualities. The conclusion reached is that in pasteurisation, the food value of milk is practically unimpaired. As regards protein, calcium, phosphorous and Vitamin A, no adverse effect whatever was discovered. Tests in the case of Vitamin B showed only a small degree of destruction; and in the case of Vitamin C only one-fifth was found to be destroyed. When it is borne in mind that pasteurisation admittedly reduces the risks of contamination, it will be seen that this report of the Nutrition Committee shows the balance to be heavily in favour of pasteurisation. But although the Hongkong Government has decided not to refer the question to the local Nutrition Committee, it has resolved to defer definite decision of the pasteurisation by-law passed by the Urban Council until reference has been made to the Colonial Office, this in view of the fact that the subject is undergoing special examination at Home. Why it should have taken this line is difficult to comprehend. Obviously the conditions prevailing at Home and in Hongkong are in no sense similar. Dr. A. R. Wellington, in his report on the disastrous outbreak of infantile dysentery in this Colony, drew attention to the fact that the risks in Toronto, where compulsory pasteurisation is in force, are less than in Hongkong, and he added that if it is necessary to safeguard the purity of milk in Toronto by compulsory pasteurisation, it is many times more necessary in Hongkong. There are, in fact, special reasons for compulsory legislation in Hongkong, and these reasons will continue to exist. Whatever England decides for herself cannot possibly be germane to the local problem. It is true that the big

The  
difference  
between  
These 2  
Pictures.

HERE in two photographs you have an explanation of the life-taking strife that a royal commission to the Holy Land has investigated and upon which it has issued a report and recommendations . . .

In Jerusalem, in the quarter still hemmed in by ancient walls and known as the Old City, two young Jews and their learned tutor are trudging through the unevenly-cobbled and twisted, shadowy lanes towards the synagogue.

They do not talk. A sharp walk up the steep lane leaves them breathless — and their books are heavy. They turn a corner, and in a split second a photographer who has been waiting his opportunity has caught their images.

See the fierce indignation in the lean-faced tutor's eyes! A skinny hand clutches one boy's shoulder as if to thrust him back. But it is too late, and six suspicious eyes watch the photographer until he packs up his camera and goes his way.

That is the spirit of the old orthodox Jews. They are the people that the Arabs have known for centuries. They are the Jews that the Arabs know — and do not fear. For like the Arabs themselves, these Jews care not for modern civilisation; it disturbs their studies.

LOOK at the other photograph . . . the girl that typifies New Palestine. She stands with her back to a sun-baked wall beside the sea at the world's only all-Jewish city — Tel Aviv. Bare-legged, hair ruffled by a sea breeze, hands thrust into the pockets of her shorts, she is the antithesis of the pale-faced, studious boys wrapped up in long black coats, whose effeminate curls swing out from under their traditional "fur hats."

She is the type that has driven the proud Arab to slay old orthodox Jews in mean, back streets, for she stands for progress. Her father and brothers are taking immediate advantage of the Arab longshore-

gest suppliers of milk in this Colony sell nothing but pasteurised milk, but if small Chinese dairies are to be permitted to sell the unpasteurised product, there will always exist a possible point of danger to the community. Unhappily, pasteurisation, like vaccination and some other methods of combating disease, seems fated always to arouse the ire of well-meaning but stubborn people. But, in view of its known value, it is to be hoped that the local authorities will not be unduly influenced by what happens ten thousand miles away, under conditions which are not applicable to this Colony.



"Two young Jews and their learned tutor, the spirit of the old orthodox Jews, that the Arabs have known for centuries — and do not fear."

men's strike at Haifa, until now Palestine's most important port.

Already they have built a temporary quay, and capital has been oversubscribed for the great works being planned that will make Tel Aviv one of the chief ports of the Eastern Mediterranean.

"The British will use our port," they say, "for it is a better natural naval base than Haifa."

The strong-limbed girl smiles . . . The Arabs see their livelihood passing into Jewish hands. By Allah, they curse the Jews — and, fierce-tempered, slay . . .

"HOW can it end?" Jews and moderate Arabs are asking. "If the Turks were here these terrorists would have long been hanged," they declare. Sound of trumpets felled the walls of Jericho . . . Skirl of bagpipes and rattle of kettle-drums warn Arabs of retribution if wholesale murder of Jews does not end immediately.

GENERAL Sir Arthur Grenfell Wauchope, K.C.M.G., K.B.E., D.S.O., High Commissioner, is criticised by Jews as being "weak" because he avoids harsh punitive measures against the terrorists. They recall the former High Commissioner, the late Lord Plumer.

Sir Arthur Wauchope discourages the eight thousand troops, police and members of the Royal Air Force stationed in Palestine from using firearms except in dozen . . . A guard of many of these guardians of



"The girl that typifies New Palestine . . . bare-legged, hair ruffled by a sea breeze; she is the type that has driven the proud Arab to slay Jews, for she stands for progress."

the peace are not armed with rifles, but wooden pick-handles!

He hopes to bring about a settlement of the dispute with as little bloodshed as possible.

Many Arabs misconstrue the policy of the Government. They also think the High Commissioner is "weak," and agitators of the Effendi (wealthy landlord) type help to confirm this opinion by talking knowingly of Britain's efforts on behalf of lost Abyssinia.

DOZENS of Jews have been struck down by terrorists. Many murderers are still at large. The police have no clues to the identities of these secret agents of death. Most of these murders were committed under the safety-curtain of night.

The High Commissioner combats this by curfew decree in the danger spots — Jerusalem, Haifa, and now Nablus. Imprisonment is the penalty paid by curfew breakers. "To bed at six," is the law in these towns. Arabs complain because Tel Aviv is not subjected to curfew.

"The Jews in Tel Aviv may go to the cinemas at night, but we must go to bed," they cry.

But some Arabs are given permission to break curfew. They are not happy occasions . . . they are funerals.

There was a demonstration at the funeral of an Arab who was killed in a

riot. Since then the High Commissioner has ordered Arab funerals to take place at night, and permits are given to selected mourners not exceeding a dozen . . . A guard of

THE Arab fellah (peasant) is an important factor in the present strife. He is a simple man with little thought beyond his home. He knows and likes the pre-war Jew who can speak Arabic, and with whom he has dealt for years. But he does not like the new Jew who is coming to Palestine.

He thinks the men are too confident, arrogant. He thinks the women are immodest. A strong patriot, he is easily swayed by the clever town agitator who tells how the Arab will eventually be driven into the desert by the Jew.

"Fight him!" exhorts the agitator, and sometimes the fellah does with dire consequences to the Jew or himself.

IT is believed that there are hundreds of town Effendis behind the rioting, which constantly occurs. They are men who are jealous of Jewish progress. They began the striking, but it has now gone beyond their control.

Whether they receive financial assistance from a foreign country is difficult to say. It is a fact, however, that about 20,000 Arabs would starve if they were not helped by the strike leaders. They receive about one shilling-worth of food a day.

Money is coming from somewhere, because the Arab leaders cannot afford to spend this £1,000 a day out of their own pockets.

JEWS declare that the British troops are pro-Arab.

Surely this is the test of impartiality. Neither claims to have received special treatment at the hands of the guardians of the Holy Land.

O.D. Gallagher

# My Year of Exile—By Haile Selassie

## "I'll Never Give Up Hope"

(By Ian Bernard)

Haile Selassie, sombre, dark-skinned Negus, whom once a race of warriors hailed as Lion of Judah and King of Kings, received me in a Kensington drawing-room and, in slow, measured words, told me the story of his first year of exile.

Time has little changed Haile Selassie's face since the day he lived in an Arabian Nights palace, guarded by a retinue of barbaric splendour.

Perhaps his dark eyes are a little more sad and weary, his movements a little more fatigued.

### A Tribute To Britain

But he preserved his grand manner of a great ruler as, with an occasional brilliant smile, he spoke to me of Britain, of British food and customs, and of the long book he is writing.

"During my year of exile I have never failed to meet British courtesy and fair-play wherever I have gone," he said.

"In Bath, as in London, I have been treated just as I wanted to be treated."

The Negus has insidiously fitted himself to his new environment. His wardrobe now includes more than £100 worth of British clothes—a dinner jacket, grey and blue lounge suits, many ties, a camel-hair overcoat, shoes, socks, and shirts.

Haile Selassie's expression softened when he spoke of his 12-year-old son, the Duke of Harrar, who is sharing the life of the British schoolboy studies football, fencing, bicycling at a Bath boarding school.

### Two Problems

"I have every intention of continuing the education of my children in England," he said.

But our British food has proved a little strange to the Emperor and his suite, used to the highly-spiced dishes of Abyssinia.

"Your food takes getting used to," he said. "My household miss the flavours and spices we once knew. But this and the problem of language are the only things that disturb us."

But though the Emperor did not mention it, there is another problem. When Haile Selassie ruled Abyssinia, countless servants waited upon him. Now he has to be content with a few.

Only the other week, the Ethiopian Legation in London hurriedly dispatched a chef and two maids to the Emperor's Bath home—otherwise the King of Kings might have had to eat his dinner out of tins.

### Faithful Friends

"I am fully occupied," he continued, "but with all that my future plans—if you can call them plans—are vague."

When I asked him whether he had abandoned his cause as hopeless, there was a flush of that old fire which inspired his tribesmen to charge heroically, hopelessly, against the machine-guns of the Italians.

"Never will I give up hope," he declared emphatically, "no matter how hopeless my case may appear. For my people are in my thoughts always."

Letters from faithful friends in Ethiopia have proved to the Negus that Italian domination of his kingdom does not extend beyond the range of Blackshirt guns.

"I have almost completed my book," he said. "I am writing the whole story of the Abyssinian campaign. I will not shrink from putting every fact on record."

## Film Post For Ex-Premier's Secretary

MISS ROSE ROSENBERG, for 15 years personal private secretary to Mr. Ramsay MacDonald, will join Metro-Goldwyn-Mayer in August in an executive position.

She has been called "the woman who can keep a secret" because of the many confidences placed in her during Mr. MacDonald's years of office.

"I can only say that I am joining an executive capacity," Miss Rosenberg told a press representative. "I shall work in the British studios, but my exact duties are not yet defined."

### HOLIDAY FIRST

"I have been interested in the film industry for many years and I have known the personnel of the industry for a long time. I am leaving on holiday shortly before taking up my new post."

Miss Rosenberg worked in a London business office, was Lady Rhonddp's political secretary and was on the staffs of the National Council for Civil Liberties and the Parliamentary Labour Party before Mr. MacDonald engaged her. She accompanied him to America in 1928 and on her return was given the C.B.E.



## FRENCH BIRTHRATE DECLINE IS SERIOUS NATION'S FUTURE ENDANGERED

(By John H. Tobler)  
United Press Staff Correspondent

The French birthrate decline of 50 per cent, in the past 100 years constitutes a veritable danger to the future of the French nation, according to doctors who, from all parts of the country, were requested to send in statistics revealing the situation in their particular region.

While 100 years ago, the average number of births per family was 4, 5, it has now fallen to 2, 2. As for the total number of births per year, the highest official figure found in state records was in 1868; when the figure was 1,034,000. It has now fallen to 677,000 representing a decrease of more than 30 per cent.

Although, since the year 1868, France's total population has increased three millions, due for the great part to immigration and naturalisations, it is pointed out that the populations of Germany, Japan, Great Britain, Italy and Brazil have increased, some 100 per cent. France then ranked second among these countries and has now fallen to sixth position. Germany's population has increased 28 million—from 39 million to 68 million; Japan's 35 million—from 33 million to 68 million; Great Britain's 20 million—from 20 million to 40 million; Italy's 18 million—from 25 million to 43 million and finally France's population has increased only 3 million—from 39 million to 41 million.

### LAXITY OF PUBLIC MORALITY

Fearing that the persistent decrease would ultimately cause a serious weakening of the French nation, Doctor Siredey, former President of the Academy of Medicine, suggested that the problem be handed over to the General French Medical Assembly. After six years of research, this assembly has now made public the results of its investigations concluded from the reports of hundreds of doctors, throughout the country.

"The fall of the birthrate in France is due to increased laxity of public morality," says the medical report, which continues by explaining that this laxity is in turn, due to religious and economic crisis.

In support of this, the report points out that in regions where the religious faith has remained strong, there has been no marked fall in births. It is also the case of agricultural regions where children are not regarded as burdens since, while still very young, they can become useful farmhands. This, the doctors opine, is in contrast with the towns, where children seldom become self-supporting much before the age of 16 or so.

### THREE CLASSES

Throughout the negotiations of the last two weeks the British Government has taken the lead, and a successful end has been reached, fittingly enough, on Mr. Eden's fortieth birthday.

It was the British Government

which devised the draft agreement

which has formed the basis of the

ten hours' discussions in the last

two days between Mr. Eden and the

three ambassadors, and it is the

British Government which will

transmit the agreement to the

Spanish authorities in order to

receive their assurances.

### COMPLIMENT FROM UNUSUAL SOURCE

Probably for the first time for years, Britain is complimented by Siena Gayda in the *Giornale d'Italia*. As quoted by Reuter, he says:

"We will willingly recognise the contribution of goodwill and action which Great Britain has made this time for the restoration of collaboration. But the first contribution of goodwill came from Italy and Germany, who deliberately confined their reaction to criminal aggression within moderate limits.

"Once I was on a fur robbery. I examined the clothes of the suspect, and found many fox and other animal skins. The leader of the gang was a much wanted man who got a long sentence chiefly on the strength of this evidence."

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GSI	11,700 K.c.s.	25.05 metres
GSO	12,700 K.c.s.	19.50 metres
GBI	21,470 K.c.s.	13.97 metres
GSI	15,200 K.c.s.	19.60 metres
GSI	21,470 K.c.s.	13.97 metres
GSO	6,110 K.c.s.	49.10 metres
GSP	15,310 K.c.s.	17.70 metres
GSP	15,310 K.c.s.	19.00 metres

Transmission 1

(G.B.B., G.S.O., G.G.O.)

12.20 p.m. Big Ben. The Cambridge

12.30 p.m. Here I Live. Celia Rhodes.

1.40 p.m. A Violin Recital by Alfredo

Campoli.

(Continued on Page 4.)

## RADIO BROADCAST

### Gramophone Recital by The Rev. C. B. R. Sargent

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H.K.T. 12.30-2.15 p.m. European Programme.

12.30 p.m. Ambrose and his Orchestra.

Silly Symphonies—Selection: When day is done; Wood and Ivory; Knock, knock, who's there? Falling leaves; Piccadilly—Concert arrangement; Serenade in the night; When the Poppy bloom again.

1 p.m. Local: Time Signal and Weather Report.

1.33 p.m. Four Light Songs by Gitta Alpat (Soprano).

No more; Sing something in the morning; I give my heart; The Daffodil.

1.45 p.m. Cinema Organ Music.

"Transatlantic Rhythms" Medley.

Reginald Foott: River Reveries.

Quentin M. MacLean; The A.B.C. March; Keep smiling....Reginald Foott.

1.50 p.m. Reuter Press, Rugby Press; Local: Weather Forecast, Time and Announcements.

1.40 p.m. Mozart Concerto in E Flat Major, K. 271, played by Walter Gieseking (Pianoforte) and Members of the State Opera House Orchestra, Berlin. Conducted by Hans Rosbaud.

1st Movement—Allegro; 2nd Movement—Andantino; 3rd Movement—Rondo (Presto) Menuetto.

2.15 p.m. Close Down.

4.7 p.m. Chinese Programme.

7.11 p.m. European Programme.

7 p.m. Scottish Music.

Song—There's nae luck about the house (Pentland); Boyd Steven (Soprano); Songs—Wee Cooper o' Fife (Traditional), Land o' the Leal (arr. Steven); Robert Watson (Baritone); Orchestra—Hieland Luddie (Carruthers); New Mayfair Orchestra; Songs—The old Scots songs (arr. Moffat); I'm glad my heart's my ain (arr. Inglis); Margaret Stewart (Soprano); Orchestra—Bonnie Scotland (arr. Pether); New Mayfair Orchestra.

7.30 p.m. Closing local Stock Quotations and Hongkong Exchange Market Report.

7.35 p.m. Variety.

Piano Duet—Rumbas on toast.

Arthur Young and Reginald Forsythe; Vocal—I'm in the mood for love, I wished on the moon....Lanny Ross; Humorous—The Lion and Albert; Stanley Holloway; Orchestra—"It's Love Again" Film Selection; Louis Levy and his Gaumont British Symphony; Instrumental—Joey the Clown; Rudy Starlite (Xylophone).

8 p.m. Local: Time Signal, Weather Report and Announcements.

8.03 p.m. Orchestral Items.

Euryanthe—Overture (Weber).

Willem Mengelberg and his Concertgebouw Orchestra; Der Freischütz (Weber); Potpourri....Marek Weber and his Orchestra.

8.20 p.m. From the Studio. Frank V. Read on "Local Tennis League."

8.30 p.m. London—The Open Golf Championship. A commentary on the play from Carnoustie, Scotland.

8.40 p.m. Orchestral Prologue; "Damnation of Faust"—Les Sylphes (Berlioz). Played by the Concertgebouw Orchestra. Conducted by Willem Mengelberg.

8.45 p.m. The 13th of a Second Series of Gramophone Recitals by the Rev. C. B. R. Sargent.

8.50 p.m. London News and Announcements.

8.50 p.m. The Bournemouth Municipal Orchestra.

Carlisle Doll Dance (Pleier).

Pique Dame—Overture (Suppe); Flitting Birds; Idylle Bretonne (Gennin).

9.50 p.m. The Music of Grieg.

Orchestral—Peer Gynt—Suite....

New Queen's Hall Light Orchestra;

Soprano Solo—Solvieg's Song....

Mavis Bennett; Orchestral—Norwegian Dance in D Major, Op. 35....

Gustave Cloeck and l'Orchestre Philharmonique de Paris.

9.15 p.m. Dance Music.

Fox-Trot—Red, white and Blue;

Fox-Trot—Swing is in the air; Fox-Trot—All alone in Vienna; Fox-Trot—Everything you do; Waltz—Dancing in the firelight; Fox-Trot—I found a rosemary; Fox-Trot—Angel of the great white way; Tango—Where the Cafe lights are gleaming; Slow Fox-Trot—Sweet Leland; Fox-Trot—Love and learn; Quickstep—On the Isle of Kitchymbokoo; Tango—My lost love; Waltz—Oh, Mr. Man in the Moon; Quickstep—I wasn't lying when I said I love you.

9.30 p.m. Close Down.



## ARROW SHIRTS

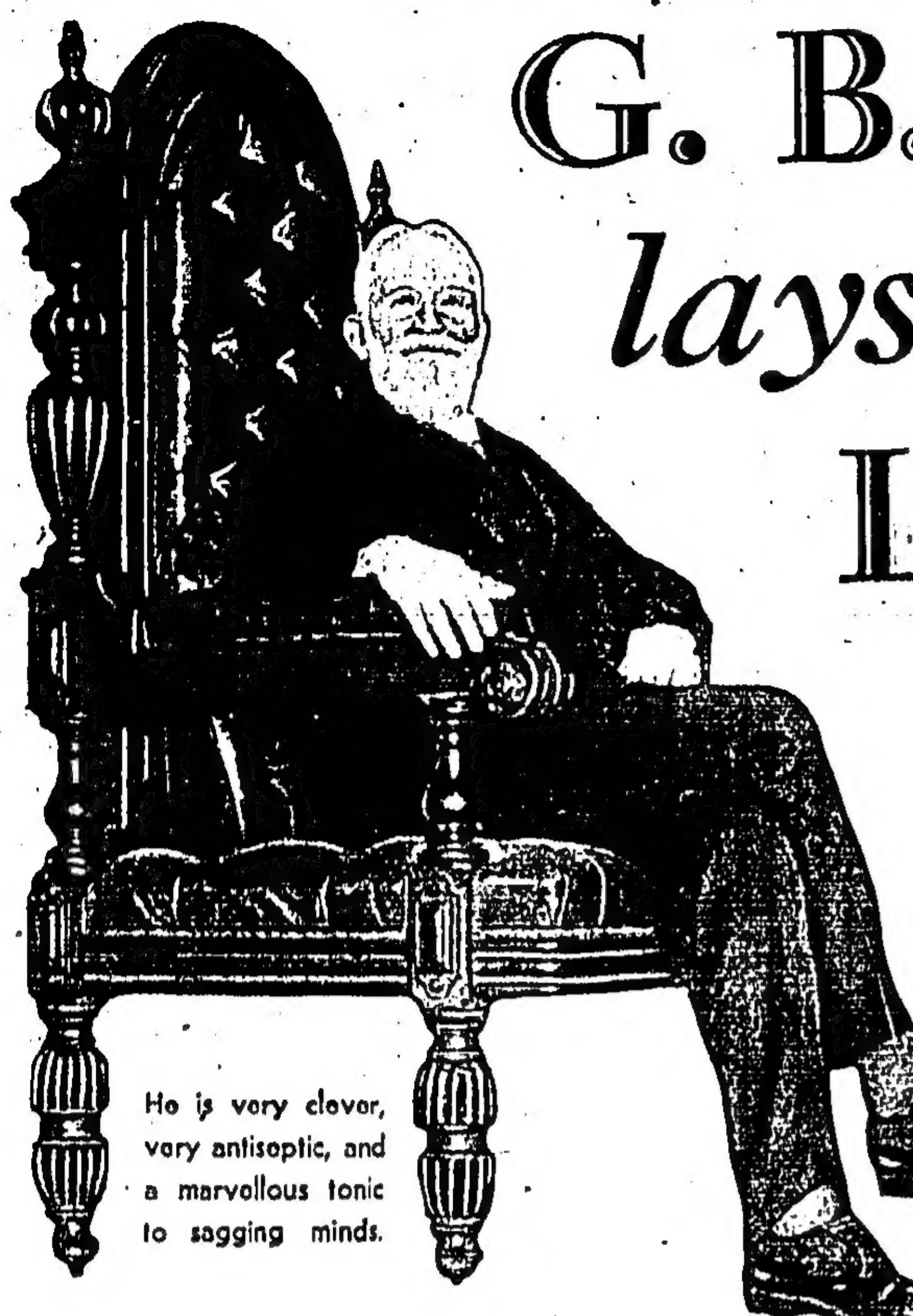
with the new Aroset starchless collar attached

A superbly tailored shirt with a new attached collar that retains its smart stiff appearance.

Made in a shape-to-fit model, and thoroughly shrunk.







# G. B. SHAW lays down the LAW

He is very clever,  
very antisocial,  
and a marvellous tonic  
to sagging minds.

"It is interesting and very important to note that in some respects Communism and Fascism produce similar changes. Both make short work of Liberty and Democracy as Liberals understand them."

GEORGE BERNARD SHAW wrote this, and it comes from two new chapters, "Sovietism" and "Fascism," which, together with a new "Author's Note," he has added to "The Intelligent Woman's Guide to Socialism," expressly for its reissue as two volumes of the new sixpence-a-time Pelican Books.

Value for money: for a shilling you get 468 pages of decently printed text, 23 pages of index, 12 pages of amusing synopses, besides title pages, paper covers, and so on.

Mr. Shaw assures readers "they have in their hands the authentic original text in full, word for word . . . with the addition of two new chapters dealing with events that have occurred since its first publication in 1928. The present edition is, in fact, a better bargain . . ."

BETTER than "reviewing" these new chapters will be to give you some quotations from them, to show what Mr. Shaw has been thinking about.

First, he has a bee in his old bonnet about Sovietism, believing that

" . . . had the Bolsheviks studied our British Post-Marxian Socialist literature . . . they might have avoided the ruinous business errors which so nearly wrecked the Russian Revolution."

"It was partly their fault for idolising Karl Marx, and despising his Fabian successors as bourgeois, very carelessly, as they were all bourgeois themselves. Marx is among the prophets, perhaps among the greatest of them; but prophets are very incompetent guides to the art of running a business."

"Fortunately, mistakes are not hushed up in Russia; they are attacked and remedied with uncompromising vigour; for there are no capitalist vested interests to be conciliated. After a few years of indescribable ruin and confusion . . . Lenin publicly told his colleagues that though their revolutionary principles were beyond praise they knew least about the practical conduct of business than a capitalist office boy."

"He was learning from bitter experience what he might have learnt from the English Fabians, if they had been included in the Marxian canon instead of being placed in the 'index as petit bourgeois . . .'"

CONCERNING the Stalin-Trotzky split, however, Mr. Shaw is OK by the Kremlin — anti-Trotzkyist first, last, and all the time.

"Trotzky told Lenin that either he or Stalin must go. Lenin managed to arrange matters; but the incident . . . marks the beginning of the breach between Trotzky and Stalin which

Shavian Thought

WELL lathered is half shaved.

—THOMAS FULLER

COUNT THE  
"TELEGRAPH"  
EVERWHERE

opinion in Europe and America. "As the only result of convincing the world that Communism is in the least like Liberalism would be to destroy all interest in it, the prudence of this resurrection of the Rights of Man is not obvious."

Of course, Mr. Shaw long since announced that he was done with liberty and all that, so there is nothing in Fascism to shock him very deeply. And he has always had a sneaking liking for strong supermen. He is naturally against Fascism uncompromisingly. But, slyly, he liked to detect its good points.

"All your would-be dictator has to do is to deal with fools according to their folly by giving them plenty of the stuff they like to swallow whilst he sets to work energetically

on reforms that appeal to everyone's common sense and comfort, and stops the more obvious abuses of the existing order.

"The next step is to get rid of all the political and economic organisations formed by the people independently of the dictatorial power. This can be easily done by simple violence.

"Bodies of very young and athletic men, devoted to the dictator . . . will quite simply and naively break into the offices of these institutions, beat up the occupants, smash the furniture, empty the till, and use the lists of members to track down and beat up all the persons who have presumed to join such associations."

"So for a time, with a good leader, Fascism flourishes, and is thoroughly popular and democratic, that is why there is always a practical tendency to Fascism

in the world of window dressing to conciliate Liberal

began with the banishment of Trotsky and led later on to conspiracies for which some of the old Bolsheviks had to be executed; for revolutionary habits are hard to change; and it still holds good that one of the first jobs of a successful revolution is to get rid of the revolutionists."

"Stalin's victory . . . was a triumph of common sense; and neo-Trotzkyism now means a conspiracy of anti-Stalinists who do not believe that Socialism can maintain itself without foreign alliances and concessions to Capitalist allies East and West."

On the U.S.S.R. Constitution, which was recently modified before it had operated, Mr. Shaw is illuminating:—

"Most of it might have been written by Tom Paine. It may be dismissed as a feat of window dressing to conciliate Liberal

and stop the more obvious abuses of the existing order.

"The next step is to get rid of all the political and economic organisations formed by the people independently of the dictatorial power. This can be easily done by simple violence.

"Bodies of very young and athletic men, devoted to the dictator . . . will quite simply and naively break into the offices of these institutions, beat up the occupants, smash the furniture, empty the till, and use the lists of members to track down and beat up all the persons who have presumed to join such associations."

"So for a time, with a good leader, Fascism flourishes, and is thoroughly popular and democratic, that is why there is always a practical tendency to Fascism

in the world of window dressing to conciliate Liberal

## MENTAL RADIO Many are Telepathic Without Knowing It

UPON SINCLAIR, the American practised by Mrs. Upton Sinclair is a writer, has perplexed some of his many admirers by declaring his belief in the existence of telepathy or "mental radio," as he describes it.

That two persons widely apart can communicate with each other by means of "thought waves" has long been accepted by occult students. But scientists and most average people have all been sceptical on the point.

The carefully documented facts produced by Upton Sinclair, and scores of greater experts in the field, are causing a slow but sure change in opinion on the subject. In other words, more and more people are keeping an open mind on telepathy. If it is clearly established that there is a sixth sense in human beings the consequences to the human race cannot fail to be momentous.

That professional occult practitioners or mediums should be able, with success, to dabble in telepathy does not greatly impress the ordinary man or woman, but if it is proved that this sixth sense can be cultivated and trained by any intelligent person within himself, the situation is radically changed.

The methods by which this sense can be acquired appear to be very varied. Mrs. Upton Sinclair, the one who convinced her husband of the truth of "mental radio," lies full length on a couch and concentrates on what she wants to know, about any particular person, place, or object.

A well-known London clairvoyant goes out to her garden and sits under a tree. A German telepathist believes in gazing intently into a clear stream, while an old Irishwoman who is noted in Dublin for her powers of divination gazes fixedly at a sacred picture. The object of all these actions, of course, is to secure complete concentration.

Street Experiments

Some years ago the late Arnold Bennett ridiculed the power of concentrated thought without speech or action to a certain friend of his. Both were going down Pall Mall at the time, and the novelist's friend offered to wager £5 that he would be able to make any person walking in front of them turn round. The bet was accepted, and four of the six "willed" people duly turned round. Bennett was greatly impressed and was fond of trying the experiment himself afterwards.

"Mental radio" can be divided into two kinds, the kind which can divine what is in a sealed letter, &c., owing to rapport with the writer or sender; and that which can send and receive thought messages. The first

over and above the fact that the average citizen is a Fascist by nature and schooling, and that the reformers and revolutionists are to him only a minority of seditious cranks."

So far, so good. But not much further.

"None of our present Fascist leaders," warns Mr. Shaw, "can answer the question, 'Who is to succeed you?' or escape the continual suspicion of their sanity and the certainty of their approaching senility which makes it impossible to guess what will happen next."

"That is why diplomats cling to parliamentary systems under which nothing can happen."

Nor can the leader plunder anyone except the poor. Fascists will burn an Irish creamery, an Italian Friendly Society, a Co-operative store, a Trade Union office, or any printing house of the Red Press. But ask them to burn a country house, or sack the Bank of England, or lynch a Conservative Cabinet Minister, and they will conclude that you have gone mad or joined the Reds."

"THERE are some curious exceptions to the rule that Fascism . . . cannot plunder the rich."

Führer Hitler has plundered the Jews and made it a crime to be a Jew in Germany. But he . . . has had to leave their jobs and their belongings to be owned and exploited by German employers who are sweating the German proletariat as rapaciously as any Jew.

"By making the Jews and their friends his enemies . . . and trying to organise European crusade against Russia (the grave of Napoleon's greatness) the Führer has run a risk which may prove the undoing of German Fascism; certainly a much rash risk than that of tearing up the Versailles Treaty and the Locarno Pact, when he knew, as every clear-headed diplomat in Europe knew, that the Allies dare not re-open the war of 1914-18 in defence of these foolish, spiteful or impracticable documents."

The Earliest "Telephone"

It is not concentration, for example, to gaze at an inkpot and recall, through it, school or office experiences. By practising concentration on inanimate objects, one gains in will power and thus becomes more able later to experiment with thought rays on human beings.

Nearly all great leaders possess the "sixth sense" although most of them are unaware of it. In Oriental countries the sense is everywhere recognised and practised. There is no explanation but telepathy for the fact that long before telephones and telegraphs were in use news travelled almost instantaneously hundreds and even thousands of miles in India and China. The Indian Mutiny was known to the natives in Bombay long before it reached the white merchants.

All the wonders and powers of the human mind have not yet been explored. That elusive "sixth sense" may well become one of the most wonderful and precious possessions of every man and woman, but it has to be learnt. You have to practise, just as a baby has to practise walking.

Frank Bardon.

### CONSIGNEES' NOTICES

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Goods not cleared by the 13th July 1937, 4 p.m. will be subject to rent.

All broken, chafed and damaged packages are to be left in the godowns, where they will be examined at the dock.

Consignees are requested to apply for a Revenue Officer in attendance when damaged dutiable cargo is being examined.

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No Fire Insurance will be effected by the undersigned in any case whatever.

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Hongkong, 8th July, 1937.

## PRISON CHAPLAIN TELLS A STORY

PEOPLE invariably ask a prison chaplain the same questions, "Does your work produce results?" "Are your duties not depressing?" "How do you deal with the man who is out one day and in the next?" "Do you say, 'Hack again, you rascal!'—and pass on?"

Prisons stand for the tragic side of life; nevertheless, a chaplain's work is not without results and humorous incidents. Every chaplain has had the experience of being hailed in the street by an elusive stranger, who cries for all the world to hear, "Don't you remember me, sir? We were in the prison together."

In prison phraseology, there are two kinds of criminals—the "old lag" who has spent the greater part of his life behind locked doors, and the "first offender," the man who is convicted for the first time.

While the chaplain refuses to give up hope of the oldest lag reforming, it is amongst the first offenders that his greatest opportunity lies. In fact, indeed, a sorry sight and tragic are the stories which the chaplain listens.

Some have held positions of public trust, and because of their crime, have been deprived of job and future pension. All have lost situations to which, it seems, they can never return. The stigma and shame of the old lag is theirs alone; it affects wife and family. A mother tells her children that their father has gone abroad for a few months on business for his firm. Another makes believe that daddy has joined the Army and won't be home for a year. Many are the vows of a new beginning made in the chaplain's presence.

Made, Not Born

It is for these men, not hardened criminals, not really decent folk suddenly gone wrong, that I would enlist sympathy. The probation and parole systems come to the aid of erring youth. Surely a little more might be done for the first offender.

Why is it that so many employers do little or nothing for the convicted man other than their service? What an opportunity is theirs to stretch out a helping hand! In most cases the first offender has run a terrible lesson. He knows what it means to be out by society. He realises acutely the suffering wrong-doing brings to others. Above all, he is grateful for the chance to make good. There is little danger of him disappointing his employer a second time.

Don't let any good you can do in this connection come to naught because someone says "criminals are born, not made." Few prison chaplains would agree with that statement. In all my prison experience I only met one born thief. He was a real kleptomaniac, and concealed in his cell all kinds of queer and trifling things.

Criminals are made and very often have their beginning in the disappointed, disillusioned, released first-offender. A big effort must be made by the community to save these men from the fate of the old lag, and to win them for the ways of law and order. This work lies, not so much with the prison authorities, as with you and me.

Value of Environment

A habitual female offender was brought before a Magistrate on the same old charge. The number of her convictions filled the magistrate with dismay. The woman pleaded guilty and asked for a light sentence as she had been working for the last eight months in a laundry and had kept away from the old lags. He is visited as often as possible by the chaplain and encouraged in his determination to make good when his time is up. For him, too, it is easy to do right in prison.

The big problem is his environment on returning to the world and society again. It is here that you and I have a part to play. The man's household must put the worst prison right out of their minds. Instead, friends must gather round and do their best to create an environment that will more than compensate for the loss of old and doubtful companions.

Stimulus of Work

Work, more than anything, helps a man in his endeavour to go straight. Many old lags maintain that they would not be criminals, had they obtained regular employment when they left prison for the first time. They were keen to make good then. And many first-offenders released to-day go forth in the same hope, and share the same fate.

It is the old story. A man gets a job and does well. One day the foremen gives him his books and no explanation is offered. He demands out and is told, "We don't want old lags here." He goes to another place and the same thing happens again, and yet again. The man is labelled and hunted off job after job.

Convinced that every man's hand is against him, an embittered first-offender resorts to a career of crime, and passes slowly but surely into the ranks of the old lags. His excuse is, that he is just getting his own back on a community that refused to give him a chance. You realise our responsibility!

We say that many men prefer life in His Majesty's Forces, to work in the civilian sense, is to cast a slur on the Services. Nevertheless, the Army to-day is under strength and recruits are hard to find. In these circumstances, is it too much to hope that the War Office will raise the ban on convicted men, and give the willing first-offender his chance? As with Bosnian boys, his case might, at least, be examined on its merits.

These tears are produced for effect.

One hopes his aim is good.

Blemishes.

One shilling seems to remain on the boat.

That's the spirit—in France.

You only get a short dinner here, though the score is pretty high.

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Pres. Hoover Noon Aug. 21  
Pres. Lincoln Midnight Sept. 7  
Pres. Garfield Noon Sept. 18

EUROPE, NEW YORK  
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NEWS OF THE DAY  
IN PICTURES  
FROM FAR AND NEAR

Hongkong Telegraph  
**PHOTONEWS**

FRIDAY, JULY 9, 1937.

HAPPENINGS  
AS SEEN BY  
THE CAMERA'S EYE



Wood and moss blazes often occur during the summer and the picture above shows the first moss blaze this season in East Prussia. The workers are digging large trenches in order to stop the fire advancing.



Little Heather Bowyer, great granddaughter of the late Colonel John North, presented Queen Mary with a bouquet when she visited the Royal Horse Show Society's Coronation Show at Richmond.



A pageant which for richness and splendour was second only to the Coronation Ceremony recently took place in St. George's Chapel, Windsor Castle, when the full service of the Order of the Garter was held for 23 years. The picture shows King George and Queen Elizabeth wearing the Blue Robes of the Order walking in the procession to St. George's Chapel for the Service.



Three little Berlin girls are seen rehearsing special songs which will be sung by them during the coming camping season.



At the camp at North Stoneham, England, the little Spanish refugees from Bilbao are cared for in different ways and this picture shows some of them doing physical jerks under an instructor.

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for

Hongkong Telegraph

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" " LONDON (via Australia) from £127.15.  
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TAIPING	9 July	16 July	19 July	4 Aug.
CHANGTE	6 Aug.	13 Aug.	16 Aug.	1 Sept.
TAIPING	7 Sept.	14 Sept.	17 Sept.	3 Oct.
CHANGTE	8 Oct.	15 Oct.	18 Oct.	3 Nov.

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QUALITY STREET  
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NO FOREIGNER OR CHINESE SHOULD MISS . . .

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20th C. Fox Picture : "UNDER THE RED ROBE"

**MAJESTIC**  
THEATRE  
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THE KING OF ACTORS IN A ROLICKING COMEDY!

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A role as human as an Emperor in his nightshirt!

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WITH DICK POWELL PATRICIA ELLIS

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**Maytime**

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**Heavy Taxes  
Decreed To  
Meet Deficit**

**Speculators Liable  
To Lose Profits**

Paris, July 8.

New tax measures have been decreed to cover the deficit in the 1937 budget, and provide, according to M. Georges Bonnet, Finance Minister, 8,000,000,000 francs for the ordinary budget, while 2,500,000,000 francs extra is derived from the railways.

All forward buying transactions for gold or foreign securities of a speculative nature between July 10 and July 30 will be subject to a special tax, equal to 100 per cent. of the exceptional profit made by speculators.

Production taxes have been increased from six to eight per cent., but primary necessities will not be affected.

Customs duties have been raised to the level at which they were fixed before October, 1936.

The price of tobacco is thus raised by 28 per cent.—Reuter.

**U. S. COMMODITY  
PRICES**

**LATEST CABLED  
QUOTATIONS**

New York, July 8.  
The following quotations on the New York commodity exchange are issued by Reuter:

New York Cotton

October . . . 12.12/12 12.35/36  
December . . . 12.05/05 12.29/30  
January . . . 12.07/07 12.32/33  
March . . . 12.11/11 12.30/30  
May . . . 12.13/13 12.38/39  
Spot . . . 12.02 12.85

New York Rubber

July . . . 19.15/15 19.10/11  
September . . . 19.30/31 19.34/35  
December . . . 19.40/48 19.49/50  
January . . . 19.53/54 19.55/56  
March . . . 19.65/66 19.67/68  
May . . . 19.70/71 19.81/82  
Sales for the day:—1,830 tons

Chicago Wheat

July . . . 123 1/2/123 1/24 1/24 1/24  
Sept. . . . 125 1/2/124 1/25 1/25 1/25  
Dec. . . . 127 1/2/127 1/27 1/27 1/27

Wednesday's Sales:—58,230,000 bushels.

Chicago Corn

July . . . 125 1/2/125 1/2 128 1/2/128 1/2  
Sept. . . . 113 1/2/113 1/2 115 1/2/115 1/2  
Dec. . . . 84 1/2/84 1/2 85 1/2/85 1/2

Winnipeg Wheat

July . . . 143 1/2/143 1/2 145 1/2/145  
Oct. . . . 137 1/2/137 1/2 139 1/2/139  
Dec. . . . 135 1/2/135 1/2 135 1/2/135 1/2

FAREWELL LUNCHEON

London, July 8.

The Foreign Secretary and Mrs. Eden to-day gave a farewell luncheon for the Netherlands Minister and Madame de Marees van Swinden.

British Wireless.

M.C.L. OFFICIAL HERE

On a round trip from Australia, Mrs. M. A. Hewson, O.B.E., Hon.

Organising Secretary of the Minis-

tering Children's League in Australia,

arrived here by the ss. Taiping

yesterday. She is on a brief holiday

trip, and during her stay in the

Colony is making herself acquainted

with the work being done by the

local branch of the M.C.L.

—British Wireless.

EXCHANGE RATES

Paris . . . . 128.00 128.15/64

Geneva . . . . 21.05 1/4 21.05 1/4

Berlin . . . . 12.30 12.33 1/4

Athens . . . . 547 1/2 547 1/2

Milan . . . . 04 1/4 04 1/4

Copenhagen . . . . 22.40 22.40

Stockholm . . . . 19.39 1/2 19.39 1/2

Oslo . . . . 19.90 19.90

Helsingfors . . . . 220 1/4 220 1/4

Shanghai . . . . 1/2.13/32 1/2.13/32

New York . . . . 4.05 1/4 4.05 1/4

Amsterdam . . . . 0.01 1/4 0.00 1/4

Vienna . . . . 20 1/2 20 1/2

Prague . . . . 141 1/2 141 1/2

Madrid . . . . 10 1/2 10 1/2

Lisbon . . . . 110 1/2 110 1/2

Hongkong . . . . 1/2.21/32 1/2.21/32

Bombay . . . . 1/6 1/6

Montreal . . . . 4.05 1/2 4.05 1/2

Brussels . . . . 20 1/2 20 1/2

Yokohama . . . . 1/3.31/32 1/3.31/32

Belgrado . . . . 210 210

Montevideo . . . . 39 1/2 39 1/2

Rio de Janeiro . . . . 4 1/2 4 1/2

Bucharest . . . . 670 670

Silver (Spot) . . . . 20 20

Silver (forward) . . . . 20 1/2 20 1/2

War Loan . . . . 09 1/2 100 1/2

—British Wireless.

STAR

**LA MERI'S  
SECOND  
TRIUMPH**

**FAREWELL DANCE  
PROGRAMME**

For the second time this week, a large audience thrilled to the dancing of La Meri, internationally-famed dancer when she gave her farewell performance at the King's Theatre yesterday afternoon.

A complete change of programme served only to emphasise the astonishing repertory of dances which La Meri has at her command. Most keenly-awaited number was the much published "White Peacock" which La Meri included in her group of interpretative dances. It fully realised, and even surpassed expectations.

Perhaps though her cleverest number was an interpretation of Dvorak's "Humoresque," which again revealed the extremely clever acting ability of the dancer.

Her Spanish dances were well received, and considerable interest and pleasure was derived from her Indian dances.

Ram Gopal made two magnificent contributions to an exceptional entertainment, but was a pity La Meri decided to wind up the programme with a dull Mexican dance. Ram Gopal appeared to be ill at ease, both in his costume and in the style of dancing.

This was the only possible flaw in an otherwise memorable programme. Once again the dancer's costumes were beyond reproach, and finely effective were the lighting arrangements.

EXCHANGE RATES

Paris . . . . 128.00 128.15/64

Geneva . . . . 21.05 1/4 21.05 1/4

Berlin . . . . 12.30 12.33 1/4

Athens . . . . 547 1/2 547 1/2

Milan . . . . 04 1/4 04 1/4

Copenhagen . . . . 22.40 22.40

Stockholm . . . . 19.39 1/2 19.39 1/2

Oslo . . . . 19.90 19.90

Helsingfors . . . . 220 1/4 220 1/4

Shanghai . . . . 1/2.13/32 1/2.13/32

New York . . . . 4.05 1/4 4.05 1/4

Amsterdam . . . . 0.01 1/4 0.00 1/4

Vienna . . . . 20 1/2 20 1/2

Prague . . . . 141 1/2 141 1/2

Madrid . . . . 10 1/2 10 1/2

Lisbon . . . . 110 1/2 110 1/2

Hongkong . . . . 1/2.21/32 1/2.21/32

Bombay . . . . 1/6 1/6

Montreal . . . . 4.05 1/2 4.05 1/2

Brussels . . . . 20 1/2 20 1/2

Yokohama . . . . 1/3.31/32 1/3.31/32

Belgrado . . . . 210 210

Montevideo . . . . 39 1/2 39 1/2

Rio de Janeiro . . . . 4 1/2 4 1/2

Bucharest . . . . 670 670

Silver (forward) . . . . 20 1/2 20 1/2

War Loan . . . . 09 1/2 100 1/2

—British Wireless.



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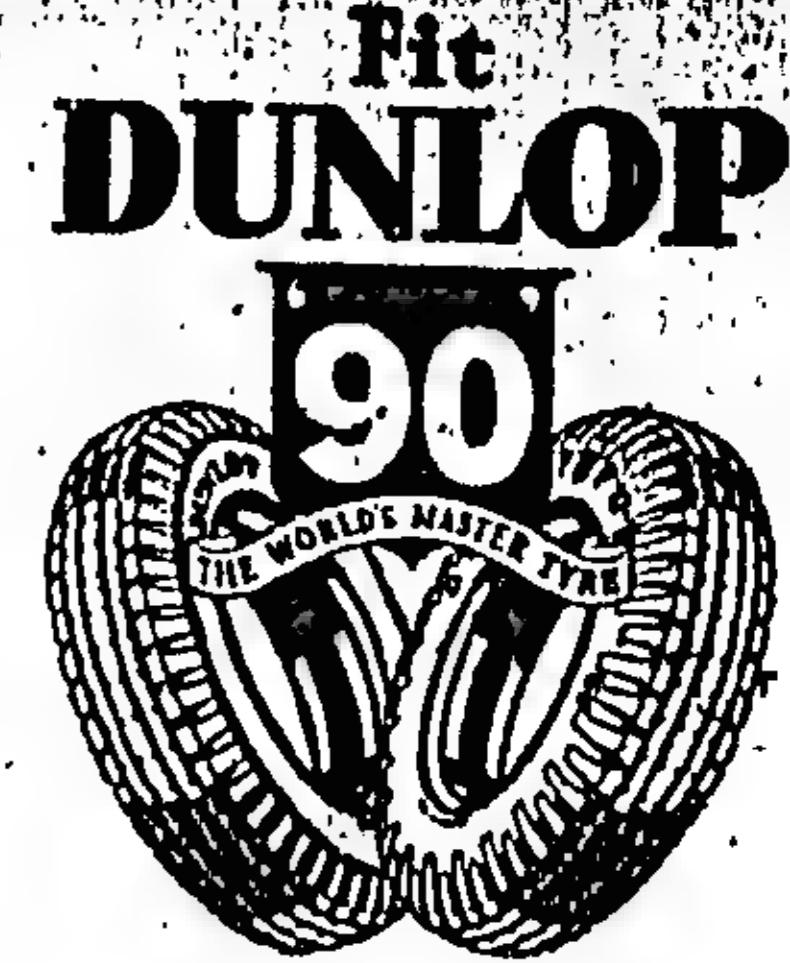
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## "CEASE FIRE" ORDERS MAKE WAY CLEAR FOR NEW NEGOTIATIONS

### Chinese Apparently Giving In To Japanese Demands, Despite High Public Indignation

Shanghai, July 9.

Once again the order "cease fire" has been passed along the Chinese and Japanese lines around Peiping. It is now apparent that both sides are seeking to avoid further trouble and to negotiate a compromise.

Reports from Tientsin, contained in a Japanese military communiqué, said that fighting had recommenced at 5 a.m. to-day after the Chinese troops had allegedly refused to withdraw in accordance with an agreement reached. The Domei News Agency asserts the Chinese fired on Japanese at this time because they had received no orders to cease firing. The Japanese returned their fire. Later the difficulty was remedied and the evacuation was proceeded with, as arranged.

Chinese reports from Peiping state both sides were ordered to cease fire at 3 a.m. to permit negotiations.

Chinese authorities now admit a mutual agreement to withdraw but do not give the details. The Japanese claim the Chinese have agreed to withdraw to the right bank of the Yingting River, the Japanese to halt on the left bank, north of the Peiping-Hankow Railway. If this is true it means the Japanese are virtually standing "pat" while the Chinese must evacuate Wangpinghsien and the western Marco Polo bridgehead.

Casualties are now reported by Japanese headquarters at Tientsin as being three officers and seven other ranks killed and 20 of all ranks wounded. It is estimated the Chinese casualties are 100 killed and wounded. Tientsin is now quiet. There is no longer martial law. The Peiping-Tientsin railway and telephone services have been resumed.—United Press.

### REINFORCING JAPANESE

Shanghai, July 9.

It is reported from Peiping that 20 lorries, loaded with Japanese troops in full war kit, left Tientsin at 8 o'clock last night for Fengtai.

It is estimated that 3,000 Chinese troops are mobilised along the 10-mile section of the Peiping-Hankow railway, between Wangping and Chantien. The Chinese refuse to budge from Lukouchiao, as demanded by the Japanese. They say they will defend to the death.

As a matter of fact, however, an agreement was reached by which the Chinese and Japanese troops would withdraw, but before it could be carried out fighting had broken out again; starting at dawn.

Heavy gunfire was audible from the Wangping area.

### WITHDRAWAL PROCEEDS

This dawn clash, for which each side blames the other, was very brief. Both forces, in accordance with an agreement reached at 4 a.m., withdrew the Japanese to the left bank and the Chinese on the right bank of the Yingting River.

The Chinese withdrawal to the right bank was followed by the arrival of competent officials, and a "cease fire" order was given and enforced. Militia occupied the garrison posts which the regular army abandoned.

Meanwhile, Chinese newspapers are urging the Central Government and people to back up the 29th Army, which they declare should not yield to Japanese demands, no matter what the consequences may be.

Typical comments are: "It will be up to Japan to determine whether this incident is to be localised or develops into a major conflict." "Japan's appetite is unsatiable and China must not yield again."

Nanking states that while Chinese authorities wish to localise the North China incident the Government won't accept unreasonable terms, according to a semi-official despatch from Xuking. The Government endorses the attitude of the Hopei-Chahar Council, it adds.

### JAPANESE PREPARE

According to a Japanese despatch from Tokyo, a Japanese Army

(Continued on Page 7.)

### ORIGIN OF CLASH EXPLAINED

#### Chinese Version Of Lukouchiao Affair

Peiping, July 8.

Accounts explaining the outbreak of the trouble between Japanese and Chinese forces state that the Japanese military Attaché, Colonel Matsui, telephoned to the military authorities here, at midnight on Wednesday informing them that while a detachment of Japanese soldiers was manoeuvring at Lukouchiao, the noise of gunfire was heard. The manoeuvres were immediately stopped, and after a roll-call, it was found that one Japanese soldier was missing.

Colonel Matsui said he was convinced that the culprit who fired the shot had gone into the city of Wan Ping. He requested that the Japanese be allowed to enter the city to conduct a search.

The Chinese officer, in reply stated that it was late in the night, and should the Japanese enter the city nothing but disturbance would result.

Moreover not a single soldier of the Chinese Army was allowed to go beyond the city that day, and therefore it could not be a Chinese who fired the shot.

Colonel Matsui again telephoned to Chinese Headquarters, saying that unless they were given permission to enter the city, they would force their way forward.

At that moment Chinese Headquarters were in receipt of reports to the effect that Japanese forces were besieging Wan Ping City.

#### PARLEY BREAKS DOWN.

The Chinese authorities then got into touch with the Japanese, and it was agreed that both sides were to send investigation parties to the scene. On the Japanese side were Lieutenant Teradaira and Mr. Sakurai, and on the Chinese side were Mr. Wang Lang-chi, Magistrate of Wan Ping City, Mr. Lin Keng-yu, of the Hopei-Chahar Foreign Affairs Commission, and Mr. Chau Yung-ye, assistant director of the Transport Department. They met at 4 o'clock this morning in the City Government House at Wan Ping.

The Japanese representatives insisted that they be allowed to search the city, and while the conversation was still proceeding the noise of gunfire

(Continued on Page 7.)

### Farr-Louis Fighting On August 26

New York, July 8.  
Mike Jacobs, American boxing promoter, to whom Joe Louis, world heavyweight champion, is on long contract, announced to-day that the Detroit negro would fight Tommy Farr, Welsh youngster, on August 26.

They will meet in Yankee Stadium, New York City. The British Empire champion, Farr, is the first British boxer in years to be seriously considered as a threat to the world's champion, but it is probable that odds will be heavy against him when he meets Louis.—United Press.

### RUSSIA PROTESTS SHARPLY

#### Demands Japanese Withdrawal From Amur Islands

Moscow, July 8.

M. Maxim Litvinoff, Soviet Commissar for Foreign Affairs, to-day summoned Mr. Mamoru Shigemitsu, Japanese Ambassador, and protested energetically against the alleged violation of the recent agreement for the withdrawal of Russian and Manchukuoan troops from the disputed Amur River Islands of Scenuffa and Bolshoi.

M. Litvinoff insisted that the islands belong to the Soviet and asserted that his Government expects the immediate recall of the Manchukuoan troops.

It was also alleged by M. Litvinoff that there had been repeated Japanese incursions into Soviet territory, and he added that the Soviet frontier guards had been instructed under no circumstances to allow further violations and to repulse the Manchukuoan troops by all possible means.

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(Continued on Page 7.)

### A "DUD" INSURGENT SHELL



To-day's news from Spain shows that the Government offensive is continuing to the north of Madrid. Here are seen some Loyalist troops with an insurgent shell which recently fell in Valencia, fortunately without exploding.

### FAILED TO FIND LOST AVIATORS

#### Heart-Breaking Hunt Through Islands

Washington, July 8.

The Navy has received a message through the United States Coast Guard that only heart-breaking failure has been experienced thus far in the search of the Phoenix Islands group for the missing round-the-world fliers, Mrs. Amelia Earhart Putnam, Fred Noonan, her navigator, and their two companions.

Reports from Honolulu state that the aircraft carrier Lexington has anchored in the Lahaina Roads.

Meanwhile, the Navy announces the forecast for the Phoenix Islands region is increasing cloudiness, heavy squalls. However, visibility should still be good, with the wind from the south-east, 16 knots on the surface, 25 knots at 1,000 feet.—United Press.

### Economic Conference Envisaged

#### "Daily Mail" Suggests Possible Programme

London, July 8.

The Daily Mail reports that the nations are considering an economic co-operation plan which embraces the following programme:

1. Informal diplomatic exchanges between European Governments on tariffs, currency, credits and budgetary limitation of armaments expenditure;

2. Talks between United States and European Governments on War Debts, trade questions, with the object of concluding new trade agreements;

3. In the event of the foregoing talks proving successful, an all-European conference at Brussels, to conclude in examining progress, in which the United States would participate;

4. A conference of world powers at Washington.

The Foreign Office describes the project as "stern."

Diplomats point out that the warning significantly coincided with reports of Japanese and Chinese fighting in Peiping area.—United Press.

### BRITISHER DISPLACES AMERICAN

#### Reginald Whitcombe Now Leads Field

London, July 8.

The First Lord of the Admiralty, Mr. A. Duff Cooper, denied in the House of Commons to-day a statement published abroad that British warships had instructions to fire on insurgent Spanish aircraft which came within range, but not at Spanish Government aircraft.

He stated that since the beginning of hostilities in Spain instructions to British warships in Spanish waters have been to defend themselves against any definitely hostile attacks by aircraft. These instructions applied without any discrimination whatsoever to aircraft of both the contending parties.—British Wireless.

### GERMANY'S ATTITUDE UNALTERED.

#### Press Pessimistic Of Settlement Of Spanish Problem

Berlin, July 8.

There is semi-official indication that Germany intends to stand by the Italio-German non-intervention control plan at tomorrow's meeting of the full Non-Intervention Committee, despite the fact that it conflicts with the Franco-British scheme and the expressed wishes of the majority of powers.

This indication was contained in a statement that the hasty rejection of the Italio-German plan or any attempt to wreck it by means with the open approval of the Spanish Bolsheviks, would show lack of goodwill necessary to localise the Spanish conflict.

The key-note of press comments is pessimistic respecting the success of to-morrow's meeting.

The Hamburger Fremdenblatt says the breathing space which has elapsed since the Italio-German offer was made has not been utilised. The differences between the two groups are as sharp as ever and a compromise solution is inconceivable.

Diplomatische Korrespondenz writes of the seriousness of a breakdown in

## SETTLEMENT IN EUROPE NOT OUT OF REACH

### Withdrawal of Foreign Troops From Spain First Essential

#### CHAMBERLAIN SPEAKS

London, July 8.

"With a little ingenuity and goodwill we should solve our difficulties, which would be immediately relieved if we agreed on withdrawal of volunteers and to leaving Spain to settle her own future herself," declared Britain's Prime Minister, Mr. Neville Chamberlain, speaking at the Albert Hall to-night.

"If we are wise we will not allow our attention to be wholly concentrated on Spain, because the troubles arising from that place are only a by-product of deeper causes of unrest in Europe," he said.

The Prime Minister regretted the events which caused the postponement of Baron Konstantin von Neurath's visit to London, and expressed the hope that another occasion would arise for discussions which might lead to a better understanding of each other's viewpoints.

Mr. Chamberlain paid a tribute to the work of Mr. Malcolm MacDonald, Domains' Secretary, at the Imperial Conference. His conversation with the Dominions' representatives on problems of common interest did much to ensure general satisfaction. This was well illustrated by the speech of Mr. W. L. Mackenzie King, Canadian Prime Minister, in Paris, where he said: "Any threat to England would bring Canada immediately to her side."

#### Rearmament Approved

It was his opinion, said Mr. Chamberlain, that the unanimous approval of the representatives of the Dominions and India, where British rearmament was concerned, was assisted materially by the fact that the programme emanated from a National Cabinet, and not a party Cabinet. For the Empire's representatives themselves belonged to various parties, and none ever suspected Britain had any other object in rearming than the maintenance of peace.

"I am convinced that the re-establishment of our strength of arms, like that of that other peace-loving nation across the Atlantic, will convince the world in time of the wisdom of settling differences peacefully instead of by force," declared the Prime Minister.

Rearmament was not wholly responsible for the present high record of employment in Great Britain, Mr. Chamberlain asserted. "There are a number of reasons why it is extremely unlikely that we shall ever experience a repetition of such a depression as that of 1931. Rising prices of the primary commodities, increasing purchasing power of some of our former best customers are the chief factors against it."

"If we use ingenuity and taste, and keep up our quality, we shall have plenty of work for many years," he believed.—Reuter.

#### Von Neurath's Visit

London, July 8.

With regard to press references to the possibility of an early visit to London of the German Foreign Minister, it was pointed out to-day that Baron von Neurath's visit, which was to have been paid a fortnight ago, was at that time merely postponed, and that so far as the British Government were concerned the invitation was still open.—British Wireless.

#### Meeting To-day

London, July 8.

A plenary sitting of the Non-Intervention Committee is being held at the Foreign Office to-morrow (Continued on Page 7.)

negotiations, which would threaten to make Spain again the centre of danger for the rest of Europe, a fact which will have escaped nobody, the paper points out.

Germany, this well-informed journal continues, is fully prepared to discuss all possibilities to preserve or intensify non-intervention, and expects the same attitude from others.—Reuter.

Specially for Women



# fortune forecast by A S MODEL

## Saturn and Uranus

**MASCOTS:** The Raven and the Owl  
Birthdays between December 23 and February 19

Another lucky Day for most of you. In business you'll meet with success.

If you are young and heart-free, social activities will be a bright spot. You'll make fresh friends. A chance meeting may lead to romance.

## Jupiter

**MASCOTS:** The Lark and the Pheasant  
Birthdays between February 20 and March 20, and between November 22 and December 22

If you are in business practise caution and steer clear of quarrels with your co-workers. Trouble in some form through subordinates is not unlikely.

You may find people stubborn and dogmatic in their opinions. The clouds will lift on when you are due to have rather a gay time, but you will find pleasure rather expensive.

## BOATER STRAWS are back again

BACK into fashion has come the old-fashioned boater straw—look at your family album, and you'll find that everyone wore an absurd little sailor hat made of it on the river about 1900.

In 1937 it is being used for some of the most attractive flat hats of the season. There's the Connor coolie hat—photographed on the right—inspired by the headgear of the Chinese coolies worn in the film "The Good Earth." Grand, this looks, finished by a bow of black velvet ribbon in front of the little rounded point which stands for the crown, and with a matching band at the back to keep it on.

Or you can have it, also in a Connor model, with a flat crown and one of the new brims which turn down at the edge—top photograph. This hat is trimmed with a posy of organdi anemones, but any kind of flower trimming does this season, the gayer the better. It's an historical come-back this hat of boater straw, for there are very few straws which stand up to English weather so well and so cheerfully. Another point, too, is that it can be worn with almost any kind of colour; its own natural shade makes it blend in well.



## CHILDREN'S POCKET MONEY

A FOOL and his money are soon parted, but the folly and consequent separation can generally be traced to lack of early training. A few lucky people may be born with a "money sense" just as some have natural artistic bent, but most folk have to grow gradually into way of managing their money.

A mother who gives her small boy or girl a "five cents for sweets" every time she is asked for it is encouraging the idea that money falls into our hands without any effort on our part.

Instead of giving odd ten cents at any odd time, it is far better to allot a suitable sum as weekly pocket money, and try to see that it is managed sensibly. But don't make the accounting for weekly pocket money such a bugbear that children become resentful and lacking in straightforwardness.

"Dad will want to see our account to-night," said a ten-year-old boy to his older sister. "Oh! All right. You show him the pencils I bought last week. He'll never know they are the same," she replied. Instead of building up the power of managing money, the unwise father is encouraging deceit.

No detailed accounts should be demanded, but often a word of advice may lead to wiser saving and spending. Bobby may have turned from his excessive expenditure on sweets by the reminder that he wants a new train and might begin saving for it.

Children are fairly sensible and easily attracted to paths of wisdom with regard to money. One family, not at all well off, but whose junior members often receive considerable presents, except a small amount, are spent on clothing and the children choose their own.

They really enjoy the freedom of choice and though sometimes they make mistakes, they generally choose wisely and take much greater pride in the clothes they have themselves bought and paid for, than in any other they possess.

## Don't Be A Shadow Wife

ARE you a shadow wife? Are you a mere wisp of a person who trails at your husband's heel, pottering after him wherever he goes?

Do you reflect his ideals and

opinions, and, merging your own personality in his, become nothing but the poor little shadow? Have you allowed marriage to swamp your individuality?

When you become engaged to someone, there is the desire to think along his lines, to express his opinions, to like the same people and the same amusements. It is a chameleon trait, a trait that has not yet got anyone very far.

The chameleon changes his colour with the leaf on which he sits.

Innumerable wives change themselves into nothing and nobody because they have married. It is a desperate desire to express "oneness" in marriage which is so unfortunate.

The person who has lost enthusiasm and self-expression and individual interest has ceased to be interesting any more. And, be careful here, although your husband likes you for yourself, that regard must disperse if you cease to be shadow flapping at his heel.

### Exercise Your Individuality

How many attractive young women have become unattractive wives, engaged girls, who is keenly interested in themselves? Ideas need not you that she now intends to give it

### WHEN AT HOME

## THE HONGKONG TELEGRAPH

MAY BE PURCHASED AT **SELFRIIDGE'S**

## Mars

**MASCOTS:** The Eagle and the Hawk  
Birthdays between March 21 and April 20, and between October 23 and November 21

This is a time when your heart may rule your head. If you marry in haste you are sure to repent at leisure. Your work and public activities offer you the best chance of contentment. In finance play for safety. Don't lend any money or you will probably lose it.

## The Sun

**MASCOT:** The Cock

Birthdays between July 23 and August 22

Your correspondence is going to please you. You may hear some very pleasant news. Music, the drama, and most cultural activities are well starred. In business and in your private affairs guard against extravagance. Money will slip through your fingers. Shut your purse.

## The Moon

**MASCOT:** The Duck

Birthdays between June 22 and July 22

Travel will be to the fore. Good luck may come to you through a journey, which may lead to happy changes in your domestic environment. Social activities and romance will probably hold snags for most of you.

Love affairs are likely to end abruptly. Strife will be in the air.

## Venus

**MASCOTS:** The Swallow and the Dove

Birthdays between September 23 and October 22, and between April 21 and May 22

This will probably be a time of tension for most of you. Say little, do little. Seek solitude. If you are a worker, wind up old affairs, but don't start any new ones. Avoid committing yourself. Do nothing in a hurry or you may regret it. Your prospects will be much brighter next week.

## Mercury

**MASCOTS:** The Magpie and the Parrot

Birthdays between May 23 and June 21, and between August 23 and September 22

Don't go outside your home in search of happiness. The stay-at-homes will have the best of it.

Finance will be favourable to you, but this will be an expensive time for most of you. The money you make at the beginning of a week you are likely to lose before Sunday.

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**NATURAL WHITENESS**  
Restored To Dull Off-Color Teeth

An antiseptic cleansing dentifrice that's bringing new attractiveness to thousands

DON'T let dull, discolored teeth rob you of social charm or business success—do what countless thousands are doing. Brush your teeth with KOLYNOS the Antiseptic Dental Cream which dentists approve. It is famous for the brilliant and natural whiteness it gives to teeth and the fresh feeling it leaves in the mouth. KOLYNOS is economical, too, because you use only half as much as you would of ORDINARY toothpastes—a half-inch on a dry brush is enough.

Try KOLYNOS and see for yourself what it will do for your teeth.

You too, can have that sparkling KOLYNOS smile

**KOLYNOS**  
DENTAL CREAM  
Economical—buy the large tube

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D1885 Fete Dieu a Seville. Albeniz.  
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D1781 Russian Easter Festival Op. 36. Overture. (Rimsky-Korsakov).  
D1677 Tales From the Vienna Woods. Blue Danube.  
D1285 Invitation to the Waltz.  
D1226 Rienzi Overture.  
D1227 Twilight of the Gods.  
D2282 Firebird Suite. (Stravinsky).  
DB2884 Dvorak Symphony No. 5. E Minor Op. 95. (New World).  
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SKIN DISEASES, ULCERS,  
SORES, ENLARGED GLANDS,  
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RHEUMATIC COMPLAINTS,  
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Clarke's Blood Mixture  
sold throughout the world  
from all Chemists and Stores  
in liquid or tablet form.

Russian Volunteer Fleet during the absence of Captain D. A. Lukhmanoff.

The death occurred of the Rev. Fr. Andreotti, of Italian Mission in Hongkong, from typhoid fever.

Mr. Hin Yan-foo, B.A., was admitted a barrister at the Hongkong Supreme Court.

The rate of the dollar on demand was 2s. 0.5/10d.

# LONDON SOCIETY WOMAN FINED £1,500 IN ATTEMPT TO EVADE CUSTOMS



## GAOL'S THIRD 'GUEST' IN CENTURY

Sark, Channel Island,

June 8.

**THE Gaol From Which No Prisoner Has Escaped,** the State prison here, was opened to-day to receive its first "guest" for nine years.

Arthur Baker, a postman, arrested on a charge of stabbing his wife, is the third inmate in the century-long history of the gaol.

This miniature Bastille, little larger than a single car garage, is stoutly constructed of stone.

Its only weak link is the entrance, a wooden door giving on to the village street. The gaoler's key is guarded by the occupant of the cottage across the way. He keeps it on a shelf in the kitchen.

Prison records have been rather neglected, for all that is known of the first tenant is that he was a deserter and that he was locked up "a long time ago."

Prisoner No. 2 was a woman law-breaker whose name and offence are also unrecorded—"a trifling crime," it's said.

She began to weep as soon as the door was closed. The sound of her sobbing was too much for the keeper of the key, and after about an hour he opened the door.

The prisoner afterwards sat on the doorstep doing needlework. Friends brought their stools and knitting and sat in circle chattering to her until she was formally released.

Though now occupied again, the prison is still capable of dealing with any sudden crime wave. There is still one cell empty.

## London's Phantom Police

By HUGH BRADY

WIRELESS communication has reached such a pitch of perfection in the Metropolitan Police area that criminals are finding their lot a far from happy one.

Scotland Yard's two big wireless stations at Denmark Hill and West Wickham, Kent, are in constant contact with the Information Room at the "Yard," and control police movements so rapidly that they can be described as phantom police forces.

The cry for more men in the force has almost died since radio came into its own, and the co-operation between wireless, the telephone, and the mobile police is making the loneliest parts of London as "risky" a venue for the marauding criminal as the heart of the West End.

As suburbs continue to grow the new districts are protected by the phantom forces that the radio daily calls into action.

## PUBLIC HELPING

The public also are helping the police more than formerly, and each month shows a rise in the number of calls to the Information Room at Scotland Yard by persons who previously would have sought the help of a patrolling policeman.

Almost every day arrests are made a few minutes after the first information of a crime or an offence reaches Scotland Yard.

## Navy And Oil Imports

### GOVERNMENT ASSURANCE

Westminster, June 10.

The danger which may arise in a time of emergency from the Navy's reliance on imported oil fuel was the subject of a debate this evening in the House of Lords. Lord Ailwyn asked whether the Government would consider the provision of dual-firing in all new warships, and commented on the difficulties that might be experienced in the event of war in conveying to this country all the oil required for an exclusively oil-fired Fleet.

Since 1914, he said, our imports of oil had increased from 2,500,000 to 12,000,000 tons and most of this came from foreign sources of supply. In addition to the requirements of the Navy, large quantities of oil were required for industry and the Air Force, and however big a reserve we built up there would always be the necessity of maintaining huge imports. If warships were adapted to an alternative method of firing by coal in case of need, there would never be any difficulty about fuelling the Navy.

Lord Stanhope, replying for the Government, said that, with the exception of America and Russia, the other maritime Powers were as dependent as we were on imported oil, and there was nothing exceptional in our position. The sources of supply were numerous, and, since we were never likely to be at war with all the other countries of the world at once, he did not think there would ever be any real difficulty about getting the oil we needed. Oil had various advantages over coal fuel for warships, and it simplified the task of naval construction.

The technical arguments were so strongly in favour of oil fuel that they were held by the Admiralty to outweigh the disadvantages of having to import oil. The Government regarded it as essential from the strategic point of view to retain oil fuel for warships and not to go back to coal or dual firing. A Sub-Committee of the Committee of Imperial Defence kept the question of oil supplies constantly under review and the Government hoped and believed that the measures being taken would prove adequate to any need. Reserves of oil fuel in this country were steadily accumulating and they had been accumulating for a number of years.



### Mother has put SHORTHEADS in the bathroom

She's introduced the Tek Shorthead toothbrush to the family—one for each member. She knows that the Tek is cut to measure and cut to clean—that it fits right inside the arch at the back of the teeth and cleans the crevices ordinary toothbrushes miss.

The Tek was approved in writing by 98% of dentists to whom it was sent.

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Tek is registered—legally protected from imitation... To clean your teeth from behind as well as in front, you must get Tek, the original shorthead toothbrush.

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SHORTHEAD TOOTHBRUSH  
MADE IN THE U.S.A. AT BLOUGH. GUARANTEED.  
Product of Johnson & Johnson (U.S.A.) Ltd., Blough, Bucks.

ALSO TEK JUNIOR FOR THE CHILDREN

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## CONDITIONS OF WORK IN CHINA

### APPEAL TO I.L.O.

Geneva, June 13.

The Director's report was again discussed by the International Labour Conference for four hours yesterday. A mere handful of speakers and press representatives remained to hear the last speaker, Mr. Chu Hsueh-fan (Chinese workers' delegate), make a strong plea for the abolition of extraterritoriality in China.

It was, he said, due to extraterritoriality that foreign-owned factories and business concerns were exempt from China labour laws, and that all efforts to improve Chinese working conditions had met with failure.

It was impossible to force the Chinese factories to comply with the safety and health regulations when the foreign-owned factories defied the regulations and could refuse to be inspected. Chinese workers expected that some action would be taken by the I.L.O. to get rid of extraterritoriality, which hindered and obstructed the improvement of working conditions in China. He called attention to the fact that it was an easy matter for foreign capital to flow into China. Factories were established by foreign capital and the Chinese were exploited and a world market flooded with cheap-labour goods.

Mr. K. de Jonge (Netherlands workers' delegate) insisted on the necessity of combating unemployment by shortening the hours of work.

Mr. Komarnicki (Polish Government delegate) disagreed with the Director's opinion that the problem of raw materials could be solved by a return to free international exchanges and that the problem had no colonial aspect. A return to free international exchanges, Mr. Komarnicki said, was impossible and colonies were necessary. Poland was already overpopulated. The surplus population in Polish rural districts had been estimated at five million. He hoped that practical solution of over-population and economic difficulties of Poland would be found through the I.L.O. as a result of the proposed collaboration between emigration and immigration countries.

Mr. Schulthess, on behalf of the Swiss Federal Government, strongly opposed the forty-hour week. "The legislative undertaking of the forty-hour week," he said, "is a new Trojan horse which will bring no good and we refuse to let it enter our walls."

Mr. Markus, Soviet Government delegate, said that the representatives of the working-classes at the conference could always count on the support of his country in favour of the forty-hour week and against the consequences of depression, distress, and poverty.

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The  
**Hongkong Telegraph**  
SEVENTH ANNUAL

**AMATEUR PHOTOGRAPHIC  
COMPETITION**

June—August, 1937

**\$250 CASH PRIZES \$250**

(Donated by "Hongkong Telegraph")

**TWO SILVER TROPHIES, VALUED \$250**

(Donated by Ilford, Ltd., London)

**BELL & HOWELL FILMO STRAIGHT EIGHT MOVIE CAMERA AND CASE, VALUED \$250**

(Donated by Filmo Depot, Hongkong)

**TWO SILVER CUPS FOR SPECIAL CORONATION CELEBRATION SECTION**

(Donated by Dr. F. Bunje and Mr. J. C. M. Graham)

**COUPONS FOR PHOTOGRAPHIC GOODS**

(Donated to the value of \$125 by Holmut Nocht and to the value of \$50 by Agfa China Company).

THE ILFORD TROPHIES WILL BE AWARDED TO THE BEST AND SECOND BEST ENTRIES IN THE COMPETITION, IRRESPECTIVE OF CLASS.

OTHER PRIZES WILL BE AWARDED AS FOLLOWS:

**SECTION ONE: FOR STORY-TELLING PICTURES**

First Prize: Bell and Howell Filmo with Straight Eight Movie Camera, with case, valued \$250, donated by Filmo Depot, Hongkong.

Second Prize: Coupon for Photographic Goods, valued \$25, donated by Holmut Nocht.

Third Prize: Coupon for Photographic Goods, valued \$10, donated by Agfa China Company.

**SECTION TWO:**

**GENERAL PICTORIAL SECTION (VIEWS, ARCHITECTURE, LANDSCAPES, SEASCAPES, HUMAN AND ANIMAL STUDIES).**

First Prize: \$75 Cash, donated by "Hongkong Telegraph."

Second Prize: Coupon for Photographic Goods, valued \$50, donated by Holmut Nocht.

Third Prize: \$30 Cash, donated by "Hongkong Telegraph."

Fourth Prize: \$20 Cash, donated by "Hongkong Telegraph."

Consolation Prize: Coupon for Photographic Goods, valued \$10, donated by Agfa China Company.

**READ THE RULES CAREFULLY.**

**RULES**

The following Rules will govern the Competition:

- The Competition is confined exclusively to amateur photographers.
- No employee in member of any firm in the photographic trade is permitted to compete.
- The prizes will be awarded in what are adjudged to be the best photographs in each Section. Each entry must be accompanied by a form which will be published during the period of the Competition, and which must be signed and dated on back of entry.
- The right to publish any or all of the entries in the Telegraph is reserved.
- All photographs entered must have been taken in Hongkong.
- Photographs which have been already entered in other Competitions are ineligible.
- No responsibility will be accepted for non-delivery of lost or damaged to entries.

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**USE THIS FORM  
AND  
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**ENTRY FORM**

SECTION .....  
NAME .....  
ADDRESS .....  
DATE .....

Please use block letters and paste this on back of each Entry. If entered in Children's Section, parent please countersign here.

**Italy Tries To Show Her Friendliness**  
**Mussolini Willing To Muzzle Bari's Propagandising**

London, July 8. Italy's Dictator, Signor Benito Mussolini, indicated to the British Government to-day that all possible steps would be taken to prevent the broadcasting of "unfriendly" messages from the Bari wireless station in connection with the Palestine Royal Commission's report, which has caused so great a stir among and Arabs.

He added Italy wanted to show in friendly spirit her desire to improve relations between the two countries. Mr. Anthony Eden, Foreign Secretary, expressed his gratification to the Italian Ambassador, Count Grandi, on receipt of Signor Mussolini's message.

It is recalled that the nature of certain broadcasts in foreign languages, including Arabic, from the powerful Bari station during the recent Palestine trouble, frequently raised questions in the House of Commons.—Reuter Bulletin Service.

**MUSSOLINI'S GESTURE**

London, July 8. The Foreign Secretary, Mr. Anthony Eden, a few days ago informed the Italian Ambassador, Count Grandi, of the impending issue of the report of the Royal Commission on Palestine, and expressed the hope that in view of the difficult situation in Palestine and the genuine efforts made by the British Government to achieve a peaceful solution, the Italian Government would co-operate by avoiding the issue from Bari wireless station of any unfriendly broadcast comments.

This morning, Count Grandi called at the Foreign Office with a personal message for Mr. Eden from Signor Mussolini to the effect that the Italian Government had taken all necessary steps to meet the Foreign Secretary's wish, and adding that the Duce desired in the friendliest spirit to do all he could to ease the situation.

Mr. Eden, on behalf of the British Government, expressed gratification at the receipt of this message—British Wireless.

**LA MERI'S SECOND TRIUMPH**  
**FAREWELL DANCE PROGRAMME**

For the second time this week, a large audience thrilled to the dancing of La Meri, internationally-famed danseuse when she gave her farewell performance at the King's Theatre yesterday afternoon.

A complete change of programme served only to emphasise the astonishing repertory of dances which La Meri has at her command. Most keenly-awaited number was the much published "White Peacock" which La Meri included in her group of interpretative dances. It fully realised, and even surpassed expectations.

Perhaps though her cleverest number was an interpretation of Dvorak's "Humoresque," which again revealed the extremely clever acting ability of the dancer.

Her Spanish dances were well received and considerable interest and pleasure was derived from her Indian dances.

Ram Gopal made two magnificent contributions to an exceptional entertainment, but it was a pity La Meri decided to wind up the programme with a dual Mexican dance. Ram Gopal appeared to be ill at ease, both in his costume and in the style of dancing.

This was the only possible flaw in an otherwise memorable programme. Once again the dancers' costumes were beyond reproach, and finely effective were the lighting arrangements.

**EXCHANGE**

Selling

T.T. London	1s. 2½
Demand	1s. 2½
T.T. Shanghai	10½
T.T. Singapore	5½
T.T. Japan	104½
T.T. India	80½
T.T. U.S.A.	30½
T.T. Manila	64½
T.T. Batavia	148½
T.T. Saigon	7½
T.T. France	7.80
T.T. Germany	74½
T.T. Switzerland	181½
T.T. Australia	176½

Buying

4 m/s. L/C London	1/2½
4 m/s. D/P do	1/2.27/32
4 m/s. L/C U.S.A.	30½
4 m/s. France	8.30
30 d/d. India	81½
U.S. Cross rate in London	4.05½

**FAREWELL LUNCHEON**

London, July 8. The Foreign Secretary and Mrs. Eden to-day gave a farewell luncheon for the Netherlands Minister and Madame de Marées van Swinderen—British Wireless.

**Heavy Taxes Decreed To Meet Deficit**

**Speculators Liable To Lose Profits**

Paris, July 8. New tax measures have been decreed to cover the deficit in the 1937 budget, and provide, according to M. Georges Bonnet, Finance Minister, 8,000,000,000 francs for the ordinary budget, while 2,500,000,000 francs extra is derived from the railways.

All forward buying transactions for gold or foreign securities of a speculative nature between July 10 and July 30 will be subject to a special tax, equal to 100 per cent. of the exceptional profit made by speculators.

Production taxes have been increased from six to eight per cent., but primary necessities will not be affected.

Customs duties have been raised to the level at which they were fixed before October, 1936.

The price of tobacco is thus raised by 28 per cent.—Reuter.

**SINCERE TAIPAN MURDER**  
**PROVISIONAL DATE FOR HEARING**

At the Kowloon Magistracy this morning, before Mr. E. Hinsworth, Li Fuk-chong, chief manager of the Sincere Perfumery Manufactory, was charged on remand with being an accessory to the fact in the murder of Mr. David Chan Sze, former managing Director of the Sincere Co., Ltd.

Au Hing, another of the men arrested in connection with the crime, also appeared, charged with the capital offence.

Detective Inspector Carey, for the police, asked for a week's remand in both cases, which was granted. Mr. Leo D'Almada, Snr., appeared for Li Fuk-chong.

The hearing of the charges has been provisionally fixed for July 22 at 2.30 p.m.

During the day, the King also held a levee at which officers of Scottish Regiments, Navy and Air Force were presented to him—British Wireless.

**Asking For Trouble!**

You are asking for trouble if you ignore rules and regulations and fail to obey danger signals. For instance, constipation, bilious attacks, liveritis, sick headaches are danger signals which can only be disregarded at the real risk of your health. To relieve congestion in the digestive tract, to stimulate the liver, to dispel sick-headaches and to banish biliousness nothing is better than Pinkettes.

Gentle yet thorough in action, these dainty laxative pills help to purify the breath, brighten the eyes, and keep the skin free from blemishes. Chemists everywhere sell Pinkettes.

**Queen's First Speech**

**Scotland's Interest In Education**

London, July 8. When the Queen was to-day enrolled at Edinburgh University as an Honorary Doctor of Laws, she made her first public speech since her accession.

In course of it, she said that as a Scotswoman she knew the high value which her fellow-countrymen set upon education and the important part which Edinburgh University played in the civic and national life of Scotland.

Twenty-three thousand children,

all members of the Scottish Youth movement, gave the King and Queen a great welcome when they attended the Youth Rally on the rugby field at Murrayfield to-day.

The children assembled in lines in the arena and cheered continuously for 20 minutes as Their Majesties, accompanied by the two young Princesses, passed among them.

During the day, the King also held a levee at which officers of Scottish Regiments, Navy and Air Force were presented to him—British Wireless.



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**PENINSULAR & ORIENTAL SAILINGS**

S.S.	Tons	From Hong Kong About	Destination
CARTHAGE	14,500	10th July, 17th July	Bombay, Marseilles & London.
*BHUTAN	6,000	17th July	Marseilles, Havre, London, Hamburg, Rotterdam, Antwerp & Hull.
RANCHI	17,000	24th July, 31st July	Bombay, Marseilles & London.
*BEHAR	6,000	31st July	Rotterdam, Antwerp & Hull.
KAISAR-I-HIND	11,000	7th Aug.	Bombay, Marseilles & London.
*SUDAN	7,000	14th Aug.	Bombay, Marseilles & London.
Rajputana	17,000	21st Aug.	Rotterdam, Antwerp & Hull.
RANPURA	17,000	21st Aug., 4th Sept.	Bombay, Marseilles & London.

\* Cargo only.

All vessels may call at Malta.

**BRITISH INDIA-APCAR SAILINGS**

TILAWA	10,000	17th July,	Singapore, Port Swettenham.
SANTHIA	5,000	31st July,	
TALMA	10,000	14th Aug.	
TALMA	10,000	23rd Aug.	Penang, Rangoon & Calcutta.
SIRDHANA	8,000	28th Aug.	
SIRDHANA	8,000	11th Sept.	
SHIRALA	8,000	11th Sept.	

**EASTERN & AUSTRALIAN SAILINGS**

NELLORE	7,000	31st July,	
PANDA	7,000	3rd Sept.	Manila, Rabaul, Brisbane, Sydney.
NANKIN	7,000	2nd Oct.	Melbourne & Hobart.

**SAILINGS TO SHANGHAI & JAPAN**

SOUUDAN	7,000	12th July	Shanghai & Japan.





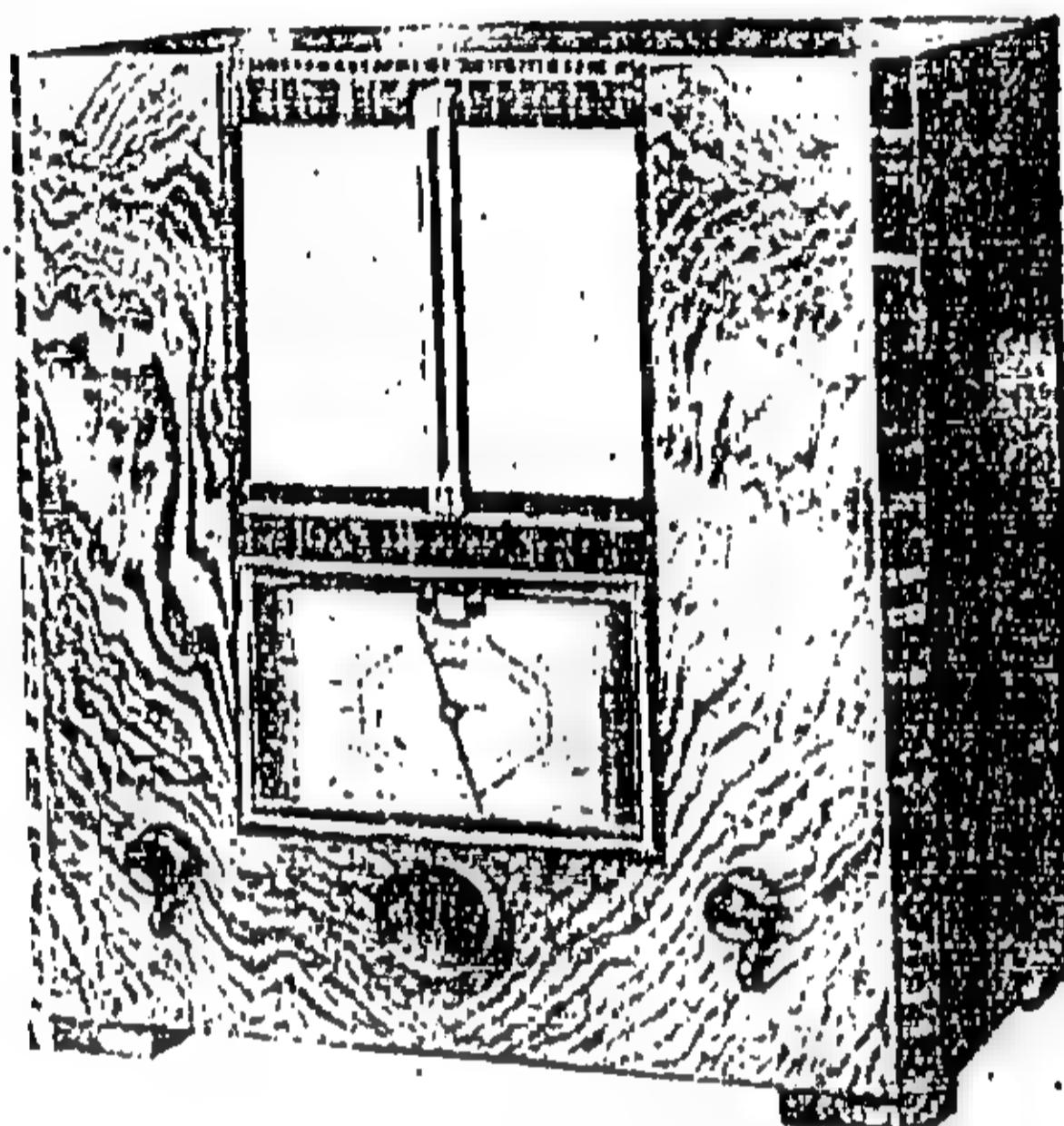
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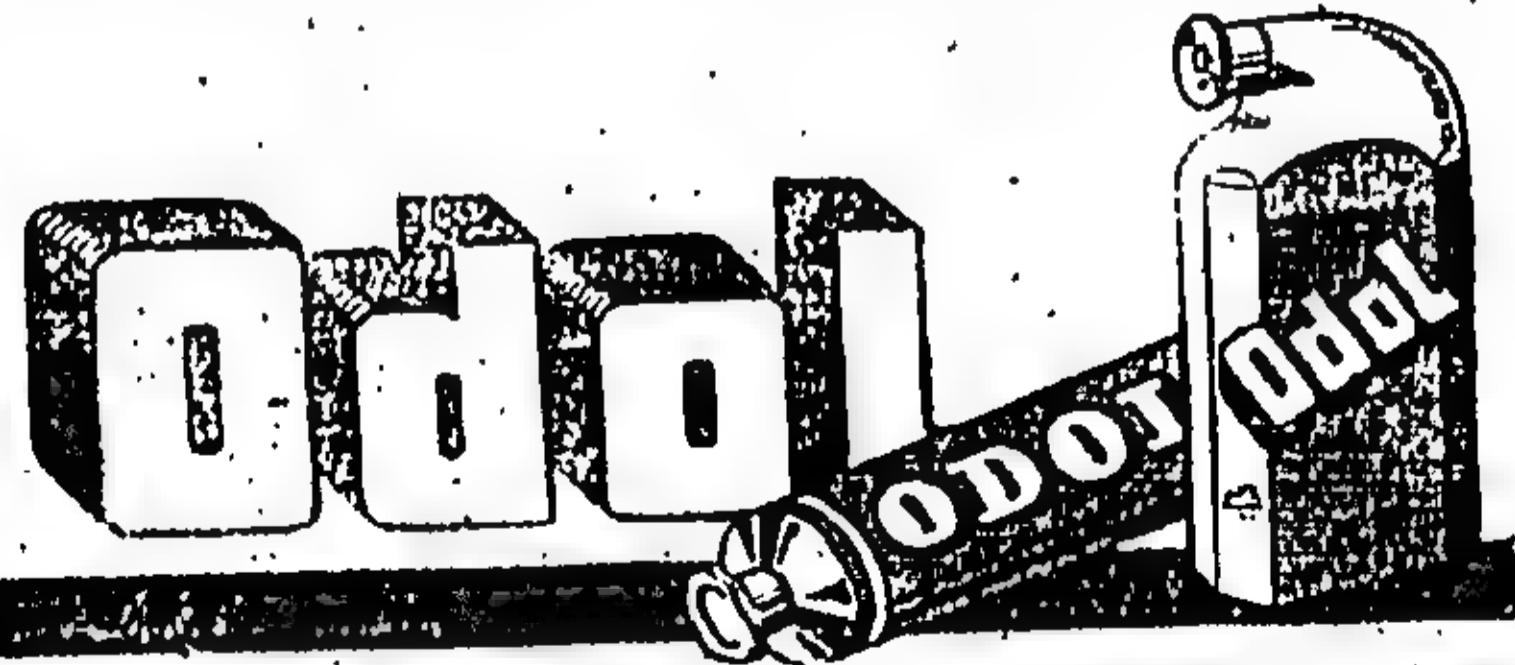
WE WILL BE PLEASED TO ARRANGE A DEMONSTRATION WITHOUT PLACING YOU UNDER THE LEAST OBLIGATION TO US.

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YORK BUILDING CHATER ROAD.

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really  
beautiful..



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MOVIE CAMERA & OTHER AWARDS  
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AMATEUR PHOTOGRAPHIC  
COMPETITION**

See particulars on another page

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**The  
Hongkong Telegraph.**

FRIDAY, JULY 9, 1937.

**PASTEURISATION**

One of the suggestions which the Hon. Mr. M. K. Lo put forward at a recent meeting of the Legislative Council in regard to the compulsory pasteurisation of milk was that the whole question should be referred to the recently-appointed committee which is at present engaged on a study of nutrition. The Government, however, did not accede to the request. It is of interest, however, to note that the Milk Nutrition Committee in England recently reported on the question whether milk, by being pasteurised, loses any of its nutritive qualities. The conclusion reached is that in pasteurisation, the food value of milk is practically unimpaired. As regards protein, calcium, phosphorous and Vitamin A, no adverse effect whatever was discovered. Tests in the case of Vitamin B showed only a small degree of destruction; and in the case of Vitamin C only one-fifth was found to be destroyed. When it is borne in mind that pasteurisation admittedly reduces the risks of contamination, it will be seen that this report of the Nutrition Committee shows the balance to be heavily in favour of pasteurisation. But although the Hongkong Government has decided not to refer the question to the local Nutrition Committee, it has resolved to defer definite decision of the pasteurisation by-law passed by the Urban Council until reference has been made to the Colonial Office, this in view of the fact that the subject is undergoing special examination at home. Why it should have taken this line is difficult to comprehend. Obviously the conditions prevailing at home and in Hongkong are in no sense similar. Dr. A. R. Wellington, in his report on the disastrous outbreak of infantile dysentery in this Colony, drew attention to the fact that the risks in Toronto, where compulsory pasteurisation is in force, are less than in Hongkong, and he added that if it is necessary to safeguard the purity of milk in Toronto by compulsory pasteurisation, it is many times more necessary in Hongkong. There are, in fact, special reasons for compulsory legislation in Hongkong, and these reasons will continue to exist. Whatever England decides for herself cannot possibly be germane to the local problem. It is true that the big-

They do not talk. A sharp walk up the steep lane leaves them breathless—and their books are heavy. They turn a corner, and in a split second a photographer who has been waiting his opportunity has caught their images.

See the fierce indignation in the lean-faced tutor's eyes! A skinny hand clutches one boy's shoulder as if to thrust him back. But it is too late, and six suspicious eyes watch the photographer until he packs up his camera and goes his way.

That is the spirit of the old orthodox Jews. They are the people that the Arabs have known for centuries. They are the Jews that the Arabs know—and do not fear. For like the Arabs themselves, these Jews care not for modern civilisation; it disturbs their studies.

LOOK at the other photograph—the girl that typifies New Palestine. She stands with her back to a sun-baked wall beside the sea at the world's only all-Jewish city—Tel Aviv. Bare-legged, hair ruffled by a sea breeze, hands thrust into the pockets of her shorts, she is the antithesis of the pale-faced, studious boys wrapped up in long black coats, whose effeminate curls swing out from under their traditional "fur hats."

She is the type that has driven the proud Arab to slay old orthodox Jews in mean, back streets, for she stands for progress. Her father and brothers are taking immediate advantage of the Arab longshore-



"Two young Jews and their learned tutor . . . the spirit of the old orthodox Jews, that the Arabs have known for centuries—and do not fear."

men's strike at Haifa, until now Palestine's most important port.

Already they have built a temporary quay, and capital has been oversubscribed for the great works being planned that will make Tel Aviv one of the chief ports of the Eastern Mediterranean.

"The British will use our port," they say, "for it is a better natural naval base than Haifa."

The strong-limbed girl smiles . . . The Arabs see their livelihood passing into Jewish hands. By Allah they curse the Jews—and, fierce-tempered, slay . . .

"How can it end?" Jews and moderate Arabs are asking. "If the Turks were here these terrorists would have long been hanged," they declare. Sound of trumpets felled the walls of Jericho . . . Skirl of bagpipes and rattle of kettle-drums warn Arabs of retribution—if wholesale murder of Jews does not end immediately.

GENERAL Sir Arthur Grenfell Wauchope, K.C.M.G., K.B.E., D.S.O., High Commissioner, is criticised by Jews as being "weak" because he avoids harsh punitive measures against the terrorists. They recall the former High Commissioner, the late Lord Plumer.

Sir Arthur Wauchope discourages the eight thousand troops, police and members of the Royal Air Force stationed in Palestine from using firearms except in cases of extreme emergency. British troops is detailed Many of these guardians of

*The  
difference  
between  
These 2  
Pictures . . .*

HERE in two photographs you have an explanation of the life-taking strife that a royal commission to the Holy Land has investigated and upon which it has issued a report and recommendations . . .

In Jerusalem, in the quarter still hemmed in by ancient walls and known as the Old City, two young Jews and their learned tutor are trudging through the unevenly-cobbled and twisted, shadowy lanes towards the synagogue.



"The girl that typifies New Palestine . . . bare-legged, hair ruffled by a sea breeze; she is the type that has driven the proud Arab to slay Jews, for she stands for progress."

the peace are not armed—with rifles, but—wooden pick-handles!

He hopes to bring about a settlement of the dispute with as little bloodshed as possible.

Many Arabs misconstrue the policy of the Government. They also think the High Commissioner is "weak," and agitators of the Effendi (wealthy landlord) type help to confirm this opinion by talking knowingly of Britain's efforts on behalf of lost Abyssinia.

DOZENS of Jews have been struck down by terrorists. Many murderers are still at large. The police have no clues to the identities of these secret agents of death. Most of these murders were committed under the safety-curtain of night.

The High Commissioner combats this by curfew decree in the danger spots—Jerusalem, Haifa, and now Nablus. Imprisonment is the penalty paid by curfew breakers. "To bed at six," is the law in these towns.

Arabs complain because Tel Aviv is not subjected to curfew.

"The Jews in Tel Aviv may go to the cinemas at night, but we must go to bed," they cry.

But some Arabs are given permission to break curfew. They are not happy occasions . . . they are funerals.

There was a demonstration at the funeral of an Arab who was killed in a riot. Since then the High Commissioner has ordered Arab funerals to take place at night, and permits are only given to selected mourners not exceeding a dozen . . . A guard of

**O.D. Gallagher**

Jews declare that the British troops are pro-Arab.

Arabs swear they are pro-Jew.

Surely this is the test of impartiality. Neither claims to have received special tolerant or favoured treatment at the hands of the guardians of the Holy Land.

## Novice At The Wheel

### Stiff Fine Imposed On Car Owner

Reinforcing that he considered the second charge an extremely serious offence, Mr. K. M. A. Barnett, Kowloon Magistrate, this morning fined George Chau, 21, of 10 Macdonnell Road, a total of \$55 on charges of allowing an unlicensed driver to drive his car, and transferring his driver's licence to a man named Suen Wah.

Traffic-Sergeant R. McVey said that about 1.25 p.m. yesterday he noticed car No. 4205 in Chatham Road being driven in a manner which made him suspect a novice was at the wheel. He stopped the car and when doing so, noticed the defendant giving instructions to the driver, Suen Wah, how to stop it. He asked the latter to produce his driving licence and he gave one which was later found to be Chau's. Chau had been driving since 1934 and had a clear record. Suen would have failed to pass a driving test. Suen was fined \$5.

In passing sentence on Chau, His Worship said that if he had not been informed that his licence would be recommended for suspension, he would have fined him \$100.

### ANOTHER CASE

Kenneth A. Pang, of No. 10 Currie Road, was summoned before Mr. W. Schofield at the Central Magistracy this morning for allowing an unlicensed driver to drive his car on June 17. He admitted the charge, and was fined \$7.

The unlicensed driver, Chan Wah-chiu, was summoned for driving the car on a road other than that specified on his learner's licence, and for driving without lights on the same date. He pleaded guilty and was fined \$7 on the first summons and \$5 on the second.

Crown-Sergeant L. C. Pennell prosecuted.

U. Gonella, of Messrs. Hazelton and Gonella, was summoned for leaving his motor car over the two-hour limit at Connaught Road car park on June 3, before Mr. W. Schofield at the Central Magistracy this morning. A caution was administered.

## ORIGIN OF CLASH EXPLAINED

(Continued from Page 1.)

was heard from the east gate. The Chinese did not return fire.

Shortly afterwards, the sound of artillery and machine-guns came from the west gate.

The Chinese forces then found an alternative but to return fire.

Casualties on both sides were heavy.

The Chinese then communicated with the Japanese Headquarters, demanding a cessation of the fighting but the Japanese replied that unless the cavalry of the 29th Army were withdrawn from the Ying Ting River, they would not continue the negotiations.—Da-Dao.

### RESIST TO END

Peking, July 9. General Chin Teh-hsun, interviewed by the Da-Dao Agency late last night, told the inquirer that he had issued an order to the garrison commander of Lukouchiao that his forces should resist to the end. He went on to say that a Japanese officer called on him previously, with a view to settling the matter. He asked the Japanese officer whether the Japanese were prepared to occupy Lukouchiao bridge systematically as they did at Fengtai and the reply was in the negative.

In that case, asserted General Chin, both sides should withdraw simultaneously, pending a settlement. The Japanese officer then conveyed the request to General Tashiro, the officer commanding the Japanese troops in China.

The situation will in all probability become worse, as the Japanese are rushing reinforcements to the scene," concluded General Chin, "but we are determined to resist."—Da-Dao.

### SHANGHAI REACTION

Shanghai, July 9. The Sino-Japanese conflict in North China has aroused intense anti-Japanese feelings here. A group of patriotic Chinese gathered in the vicinity of Hongkow Park this afternoon shouting anti-Japanese slogans. This incurred the anger of Japanese armed guards. The latter, with sabres in their hands, threatened to take action, but a serious incident was averted by the arrival of police.

The Chinese police authorities also took elaborate precautions around the school area in Kiangwan.—Hua Nan.

### JAPAN ACCUSED

Nanking, July 8. The Japanese Military Attaché, Colonel Ojor, called at the Chinese Foreign Office this afternoon and had an hour's talk with Mr. Ko Chung-wu, Chief of Asiatic Department, in connection with the North China situation.

The Chinese authorities declare that Japan should be held responsible for the unfortunate affair at Lukouchiao as all indications show that the conflict was caused by Japanese provocative acts.—Hua Nan.

### MORE EXECUTIONS

Moscow, July 9. Japanese sources state that newspapers report 84 additional persons having been executed in Vladivostok as a result of charges of espionage and sabotage bringing the total during the past few days to 217. Most were employees of the Russian railways.—United Press.

## SILVERCYPRESS FOR SCRAP

### NOW BEING TOWED TO JAPAN

The British tug boat Saucy left Manila on Wednesday for a 2,000-mile trip to Osaka, towing the m.s. Silvercypress which is to be broken up by Japanese for scrap. The Saucy, which is owned by the Shanghai Tug and Lighter Company, Ltd., arrived from Shanghai the afternoon of June 20.

The Silvercypress, formerly of the Line, Limited (Stanley and John Thompson, Ltd.), London, was built in June 1930, by Harland and Wolff, Belfast. She was of 6,770 gross tons. She was in service for more than six years, in the course of which she called at Manila 22 times. The last time she came, in February, she was but a shadow of her former self. Her hull and deck, horribly scarred by fire, she limped into port from Iloilo where, in her holds, ranged for seven days, last January. All cargo carried aft to the midships was lost. Passengers on board were landed in Iloilo and later came to Manila by another steamer.

### POSTMAN'S LOSS

#### TROUSERS AND WALLET STOLEN

## Ghoulish Act Recalled

### Cemetery Robbers Sentenced

Appearing on remand before Mr. Schofield at the Central Magistracy this morning, charged with the theft of three gold teeth and a jade bangle from two dead bodies at Kai Lung Wan Cemetery on July 4, three unemployed men were given various prison terms.

Defendants were Lou Shiu, 29, Chau Ngau, 29, and Cheuk Wan, 40. Detective-Sergeant C. Mottman said defendants had been unable to raise \$14 as demands for the theft towards compensation. Chau Kim-pak, 11, produced previous convictions against first and second accused.

Lau and Chau were sentenced to three months' hard labour each, and were also ordered to pay \$5 amends, each or serve another fourteen days' hard labour. Third defendant, who had no clear record, was given a term of two months' imprisonment, and ordered to pay \$4 compensation or serve ten days'.

### "CEASE FIRE" ORDERS MAKE WAY CLEAR FOR NEW NEGOTIATIONS

(Continued from Page 1.)

Division on garrison duty in West Japan has been ordered to stand by in readiness to proceed to China. The identity of the division is not disclosed.

Meanwhile, the release of conscripts who have served their full term has been temporarily suspended.—Reuter.

### JAPANESE DEMAND

Peking, July 9. The Japanese military authorities here have demanded the complete withdrawal of Chinese troops from the neighbourhood of Wangping (Wangpinghsien). But, the Chinese have lodged a counter demand for the withdrawal of Japanese troops to their regular garrison positions.

Both sides have expressed the wish to localise the incident and are trying to work out a compromise, suggestions for which have been referred to General Kanichiro Tashiro, G.O.C. Japanese forces in North China.

The Japanese Embassy here has been barricaded as a precautionary measure.—Reuter.

### HOSTILITIES CEASE AND START AGAIN

Peking, July 9. The Domet News Agency correspondent here reports that hostilities ceased yesterday afternoon at 2.30 o'clock.

Last night and early this morning Japanese troops in Peking itself were busy sandbagging the Japanese Embassy as a precautionary measure.

It was unconfirmedly reported in Chinese despatches that hostilities were resumed later in the day.

The Foreign Office at Nanking has verbally protested to the Japanese Embassy, reserving the right to make demands.

From Tientsin comes denial of the Chinese report that a Japanese troop train from that city, bound for Peking, had been held up by Chinese troops of the 29th Army. A military spokesman said this denial.

At the same time he estimated that the Japanese losses were 10 killed. He made no mention of wounded.—United Press.

### JAPAN IS WARY

Tokyo, July 9. The War Ministry has deferred all army discharges, scheduled for Saturday, pending the settlement of the China issue.

The War Department has received a message from Peking stating that peace negotiations have been broken off, and that Chinese troops at Lukouchiao have refused to allow themselves to be disarmed.

The Domet News Agency represents the War Ministry as being gravely concerned.—United Press.

### FIGHTING MORE SEVERE

Peking, July 9. Official Chinese reports, not released until to-day, state that fighting continued until about 2.10 p.m. yesterday and that the afternoon's engagements were worse than the morning's.

Neither side has revealed the results of operations thus far.

It is officially reported that a Japanese troop train, carrying cavalry, Red Cross corps, and 300 men of mechanised units, with 44 armoured trucks and tanks, has arrived at Fengtai. This train came from Tientsin. Another 200 men have arrived from Tungchow.—United Press.

### DEMANDS ACCEPTED

Tokyo, July 9. The War Office learns that the Chinese have accepted the Japanese demands to withdraw immediately to the south of the Peking-Hankow Railway.—United Press.

### "WE WOULD RATHER DIE"

Peking, July 9. Colonel Chih Hsing-wei, commanding the Chinese garrison troops at Lukouchiao, declared to-day: "We would rather die than withdraw. This town can be our grave. If we must die we will die here defending Chinese territory to our last breath."

He added that he did not oppose a peace settlement, but that he would never accept the Japanese demand.

### G.O.C. RETURNS

His Excellency Major General A. W. Bartholomew, G.O.C., who with his wife and members of his staff has been on a visit of inspection to northern British garrisons, returned to the Colony this morning by the P. and O. Carthage from Japan where His Excellency spent a short holiday after his inspection.

## C. B. S. SWIMMING SPORTS

### CHOCOLATE HOUSE CHAMPIONS

The Central British School held very successful swimming sports at the European Y.M.C.A. Bath this morning when a lengthy programme of events was carried through smoothly.

The best races were at the end, when the House Relay Race and the relay between the School, Old Boys of last year and Old Boys of previous years both produced exciting finishes.

For the second year in succession, Chocolate House were champions, with 134 points, while Blue House had 97 and Red House 75.

### FREE STYLE, 23 YARDS

Junior Boys—W. Desterhaft, K. Meffan, N. Arnold, G. Saunders, D. Morris, R. Labrum, S. Girls—W. Ingram, M. Meffan, N. Horswood, Senior Girls—E. McElvie, M. Fraser, M. Booker, Middle Girls—M. Shand, F. McElvie, H. S. Parsons, Senior Boys—A. Keown, D. Parsons, E. Hurley.

### BACK STROKE, 23 YARDS

Junior Boys—K. Meffan, W. Desterhaft, R. Cameron, Middle Boys—D. Morris, G. Saunders, N. Arnold, S. Girls—W. Ingram, M. Meffan, N. Horswood, Senior Girls—E. McElvie, M. Fraser, M. Booker, Middle Girls—M. Shand, F. McElvie, H. S. Parsons, Senior Boys—A. Keown, D. Parsons, E. Hurley.

### FREE STYLE, 30 YARDS

Junior Girls—W. Ingram, M. Taylor, M. Horswood, Middle Girls—M. Shand, H. S. Parsons, Senior Girls—E. McElvie, M. Fraser, M. Booker, Middle Girls—D. Morris, M. Smith, R. Labrum, Senior Boys—W. Desterhaft, K. Meffan, D. Parsons, Middle Girls—E. Watson, B. Jones, J. Kempton, Junior Boys—R. Andrews, A. Baxter, R. Cameron, Middle Boys—R. Andrews, A. Baxter, Senior Boys—W. G. Pryde, D. Gaubert, D. Hollies, Junior Girls—N. Taylor, W. Ingram, M. Horswood, Middle Girls—E. Watson, B. Jones, J. Kempton.

### OBSTACLE RACE

Junior Girls—W. Ingram, M. Taylor, M. Horswood, Middle Girls—M. Shand, H. S. Parsons, Senior Girls—E. McElvie, M. Fraser, M. Booker, Middle Girls—D. Morris, M. Smith, R. Labrum, Senior Boys—A. Keown, D. Parsons, J. Kempton.

### OTHER RESULTS

Breast Stroke (60 Yards) Senior Boys—D. Parsons, D. Morris, E. McElvie, E. Hurley, Girls—Chocolate House, Relay Race, Boys—Chocolate House, Relay Race, Girls—Blue House, Relay Race, Boys—Blue House, Relay Race, Girls—School, Old Boys of last year, Old Boys of previous years.

### SETTLEMENT IN EUROPE NOT OUT OF REACH

(Continued from Page 1.)

morning, when representatives of 27 States will have before them the proposals made by the British and French Governments and by the German and Italian Governments respectively.

After last week's meeting of the Chairman's Sub-Committee a communiqué, containing a full report at the discussion which arose when the German and Italian counter-proposals to the Franco-British scheme for re-establishing naval control were presented, was circulated to members of the full Committee in order that all their Governments might be fully informed of the situation.

In the House of Commons this afternoon, Lord Cranborne, Under-Secretary for Foreign Affairs, stated in reply to a question that the British Government noted with satisfaction statements reported to have been made recently, on behalf of both parties in the Spanish conflict, to the effect that they would be prepared in certain circumstances to contemplate the withdrawal of foreign combatants from Spain.

Lord Cranborne added that this was a matter to which the British Government attached the greatest importance, and they were most anxious that it should be possible to proceed with a discussion of the detailed measures already before the Non-Intervention Committee as soon as possible.—British Wireless.

### COMING WEDDING

A "sing party" was given last night for Mr. Nils Sineby, popular member of Hongkong's young set, on the occasion of his forthcoming wedding to Miss K. E. Anstrud. The party, to which Mr. Herschend, Mr. Knudsen, Mr. Johnson and Mr. Palmer were hosts, was held at Mr. Herschend's summer-residence on Cheung Chau Island, where the guests enjoyed themselves with tennis, bridge and music. Mr. Sineby's fiancee recently arrived in the Colony from Norway, and the wedding is to take place at the Peak Church, on Saturday at 3 p.m., invitations having already been issued.

that the Chinese withdraw prior to the commencement of negotiations.—United Press.

### WASHINGTON ANXIOUS

Washington, July 8. The United States Government is anxiously watching the Peking situation.

Officials will not comment, pending further official information, but it is recognised that the situation contains serious potentialities. It is felt, however, that it is adjustable.—United Press.

## RADIO BROADCAST

### Gramophone Recital by The Rev. C. B. R. Sargent

### GOLF CHAMPIONSHIP

Radio Programme Broadcast by Z.B.W. on wavelengths of 355 metres (845 k.c.s.), 31.40 metres (9.02 m.c.s.).

The best races were at the end, when the House Relay Race and the relay between the School, Old Boys of last year and Old Boys of previous years both produced exciting finishes.

For the second year in succession, Chocolate House were champions, with 134 points, while Blue House had 97 and Red House 75.

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Junior Boys—K. Meffan, W. Desterhaft, R. Cameron, Middle Boys—D. Morris, G. Saunders, N. Arnold, S. Girls—W. Ingram, M. Meffan, N. Horswood, Senior Girls—E. McElvie, M. Fraser, M. Booker, Middle Girls—M. Shand, F. McElvie, H. S. Parsons, Senior Boys—A. Keown, D. Parsons, E. Hurley.

### FREE STYLE, 30 Yards

Junior Girls—W. Ingram, M. Taylor, M. Horswood, Middle Girls—M. Shand, H. S. Parsons, Senior Girls—E. McElvie, M. Fraser, M. Booker, Middle Girls—D. Morris, M. Smith, R. Labrum, Senior Boys—W. Desterhaft, K. Meffan, D. Parsons, Middle Girls—E. Watson, B. Jones, J. Kempton.

### OBSTACLE RACE

# REG. WHITCOMBE NOW LEADS IN BRITISH "OPEN"

## Dudley Suffers Sore Foot, Falls Two Strokes Behind



Charles Whitcombe, running joint second in the British open golf championship. He is two strokes behind his brother, Reginald.

### Cup Tickets Prefiteering Inquiry

A special Commission of the London Football Association is to investigate two alleged cases of profiteering in F.A. Cup final tickets in which two football officials are stated to be involved.

This was decided at a recent Council meeting of the London F.A. The commission will be Mr. H. J. Hubbard, Sir A. W. Holmes and Mr. F. J. Bearman.

### BOXING TITLE

#### Arrangements For Louis-Farr Bout

New York, July 7. A world's heavyweight boxing championship bout between Joe Louis, the title-holder, and Tommy Farr of Wales, the British and Empire champion, will take place in New York during the week of September 13.

This arrangement was approved to-day by the New York State Athletic Commission.

Mike Jacobs of the Twentieth Century Club is the promoter.—United Press.

#### FIXED FOR AUGUST

London, July 8. After innumerable statements on both sides of the Atlantic and Germany by all the parties concerned it seems now fairly definite that Farr will meet Louis in a world title bout in New York on August 26, and returning to England, win or lose, will meet Schmeling.—Reuter.

### AMERICANS DO POORLY SEVERAL UNABLE TO QUALIFY FOR CONCLUDING STAGES

Carnoustie, July 8.

THERE were sensations in plenty here to-day in the second stage of the British Open Golf Championship. Gene Sarazen, who once won the title with the then lowest score on record—283—failed to qualify for the last two rounds, and others to suffer a similar fate were Tony Manero, U. S. Ryder Cup player, Alfred Perry, British Ryder Cupper, Max Faulkner, who played brilliantly in the qualifying tournament, Joe Kirkwood, who lost his mother to-day, Ernest Whitcombe and several other prominent players.

The qualifying score which permits competitors to figure in the last two rounds of the championship was set at 163 or better. Reginald Whitcombe, British player, led the field with a total of 142. Next came his brother, Charles Whitcombe, who, together with Ed Dudley, aggregated 144. Dudley, who led the field by two strokes at the close of the first round, fell away to-day, scoring a 74. Dudley was suffering from a bad foot.

#### COTTON COMPLAINS

Henry Cotton, favourite English player, was worried by a cameraman and eager spectators, and half-way through his round halted and appealed for fair play. His game was clearly affected and he could only shoot a 72 to aggregate 146—four strokes behind Whitcombe.

Alfred Padgham, another British "hope" could do no better, his 18 holes requiring 74 strokes, making his total 146.

Walter Hagen succeeded in qualifying for the concluding stages, but he has a score of 146 and is more or less out of the running. The same applies to Horton-Smith, Locke and Guldahl, the last-named turning in an aggregate of 149.

Johnny Revolta and Arthur Havers only just succeeded in qualifying with scores of 152, but McLeod took his card. Others who failed to make

#### To-Day's Correspondence

### MR. BASTO AND LAWN BOWLS UMPIRES

#### HIS LETTER TO THE HONGKONG LAWN BOWLS ASSOCIATION

Sir.—As you have published a statement issued by the Competition Sub-Committee of the Hongkong Lawn Bowls Association wherein reference is made of a letter I have written to that Association, I shall be much obliged if you will allow a space in your valuable paper for the publication of my said letter and my comments on the said statement. The letter I wrote to the Association reads as follows:

Hongkong, July 2, 1937.

The Hon. Secretary, the Hongkong Lawn Bowls Association.

Dear Sir,—As there is to-day a meeting of the Competition Sub-Committee of your Association I shall be much obliged if you will request the Sub-Committee to appoint umpires for the fourth round of the Open Pairs Championship for the specific purpose of enforcing Rule VII (3) regarding foot-faulting in delivering the bowls.

It is indeed very disappointing to see good players losing their ties to foot-faulters who should not have gone beyond the first round had an umpire been appointed from the start of the competition to enforce strictly Rule VII (3) mentioned above.

If in all kinds of sport umpires or referees are appointed for major events there is no reason why the Lawn Bowls Open Championship should be the only exception to the general practice, particularly when the rules of the Association provide, and consequently, competitors are therefore entitled, as a matter of right to insist, for umpires.

If it is argued that there is not enough available umpires for the very commencement of a competition the same argument cannot be advanced when the competition reaches its 3rd round, when not less than 75 per cent. of the players would have lost their ties and would be available to umpire the match. I should most certainly think that whenever possible umpires should be appointed at the earliest stage of a competition but not later than for the round previous to the quarter-final, which in the case of the present competition is the 3rd round.

And for this purpose the Committee should have taken steps to inform players what is fair and correct interpretation of Rule VII (3).

B. BASTO.

#### United Hockey Tournament

Sir.—I have been instructed by the Committee of the above Tournament to make the following statement on its future policy.

The United Hockey Tournament is a friendly arrangement between the following clubs:—I.L.K. & S. (H.B.), R.A., Royal Welch Fusiliers, Royal Engineers, Royal Air Force, H.K. Police, and H.K. University; it is not proposed to invite entries from other clubs but if any are received they will be subject to the unanimous approval of the Committee before acceptance.

There will be no entrance fees.

Clubs will provide their own umpires.

A shield will be used for the purpose of recording winning teams annually, and recognition of the best sporting losers recorded on cups these are the property of the Tournament and will be produced at an annual dance.

It has been unanimously agreed by the afore-mentioned clubs to continue with this Tournament on the lines set out above.

All of the above clubs being already affiliated with the Hongkong Hockey Association, and the majority being military teams, it is not considered advisable at this stage for the Tournament to affiliate with the H.K.H. Association without some invitation or constructive action on the part of the Association with regard to the United Hockey Tournament.

The object is to provide clean, keen games in a friendly atmosphere, unhampered by numerous Tournament rules and officials, free from the anxiety of non-attendance of so-called neutral umpires, where (Continued on Page 8.)



Walter Hagen, who only just qualified for the concluding rounds of the British open golf championship at Carnoustie yesterday.

### HAMMOND STILL LEADS WAY In English Cricket Batting Averages GOVER'S BOWLING

Walter Hammond easily topped the English cricket batting averages on June 12 and had by then scored 1,286 runs, 76 more than J. H. Parks of Sussex, who was first to reach the thousand mark.

Alfred Gover of Surrey, though not heading the bowling averages, had taken 60 wickets, ten more than J. Smith, his nearest rival.

#### BATTING

(Qualification 8 innings, average 35.)

	Not	Highest	Ins.	Out.	Run.	Aver.
Hammond (W. R.)	12	212	217	71	1,286	117.44
S. Dempster (J. H.)	23	210	168	50	1,212	104.82
Aines	11	203	165	57	1,163	105.73
Berry	20	1,000	105	50	510	51.00
M. R. Barton	9	497	102	24	241	26.78
Keeton	14	578	104	50	216	15.13
R. C. M. Kimpton	17	561	101	51	181	16.56
Gibbons	15	703	130	50	514	34.27
Cook	21	674	141	49	477	22.76
Edrich	10	574	92	20	139	13.90
Armstrong (N. F.)	16	627	119	47	470	29.38
Arnold	15	637	107	42	420	28.00
Davies (D.)	19	579	118	41	415	22.00
W. C. Jupp	15	607	152	40	400	26.67
Mitchell (A.)	13	490	119	40	390	29.23
Croom	14	676	114	50	476	33.93
Gregory	14	625	107	40	390	27.86
Hill	16	623	107	39	383	23.94
Sealand	15	623	105	39	383	25.53
Smalley	12	428	103	30	380	31.67
Dyson	17	617	103	30	370	21.76
Hulme	15	613	103	30	370	25.31
Langridge (James)	17	723	63	26	360	21.17
R. W. Robins	17	518	72	27	360	21.17
R. S. Wyatt	14	518	72	27	360	21.17
Andrews	20	736	65	26	360	21.17
Simms	19	600	68	26	360	21.17
Phillipson	20	810	54	16	360	21.17
Smith (J.)	20	803	50	16	360	21.17
Davies (P.)	21	101	63	16	360	21.17
C. R. Rought	17	572	70	26	360	21.17
Not out.						

(Qualification: 22 wickets, average 21.)

	Not	Highest	Ins.	Out.	Run.	Aver.
Pop (G. H.)	250	52	500	42	1,324	11.34
Langridge (James)	334	94	730	47	15,33	11.34
Edrich	21	574	72	40	1,286	11.75
Andrews	20	736	65	16	1,286	11.75
Simms	20	810	54	16	1,286	11.75
Phillipson	20	810	54	16	1,286	11.75
Smith (J.)	20	803	50	16	1,286	11.75
Davies (P.)	21	101	63	16	1,286	11.75
C. R. Rought	17	572	70	26	1,286	11.75
Not out.						

(Qualification: 22 wickets, average 21.)

	Not	Highest	Ins.	Out.	Run.	Aver.
M. P. Donnelly	1	287	47	43	41,00	1,025.00
M. W. Wallace	12	621	42	43	40,00	1,000.00
A. R. Moloney	12	621	42	43	40,00	1,000.00
W. R. Woolley	9	223	47	33	33,57	1,122.22
W. N. Carson	12	1,200	223	47	22,44	1,866.67
E. W. Tindall	12	1,200	223	47	22,44	1,866.67
W. H. Hadley	9	100	58	24	24,00	2,666.67
W. Gallican	7	2	207	33	18,91	2,687.50
M. L. Page	13	207	33	10	39,28	2,940.00
A. W. Roberts	11	110	75	17	39,28	3,383.33
H. G. Vivian	11	142	75	17	39,28	3,383.33
J. R. Lamason	7	82	82	16	2	



# G. B. SHAW lays down the LAW



He is very clever,  
very antisocial, and  
a marvellous tonic  
to sagging minds.

"It is interesting and very important to note that, in some respects Communism and Fascism produce similar changes. Both make short work of Liberty and Democracy as Liberals understand them."

**G**EORGE BERNARD SHAW wrote this, and it comes from the two new chapters, "Sovietism" and "Fascism," which, together with a new "Author's Note," he has added to "The Intelligent Woman's Guide to Socialism," expressly for its release as two volumes of the new sixpence-a-time Pelican Books.

Value for money: for a shilling you get 408 pages of decently printed text, 23 pages of index, 12 pages of amusing synopses, besides title pages, paper covers, and so on.

Mr. Shaw assures readers "they have in their hands the authentic original text in full, word for word . . . with the addition of two new chapters dealing with events that have occurred since its first publication in 1928. The present edition is, in fact, a better bargain . . ."

**B**ETTER than "reviewing" these new chapters will be to give you some quotations from them, to show what Mr. Shaw has been thinking about.

First, he has a bee in his old bonnet about Sovietism, believing that

". . . had the Bolsheviks studied our British Post-Marxian Socialist literature . . . they might have avoided the ruinous business errors which so nearly wrecked the Russian Revolution."

"It was partly their fault for idolising Karl Marx, and despising his Fabian successors as bourgeois, very carelessly, as they were all bourgeois themselves. Marx is among the prophets, perhaps among the greatest of them; but prophets are very incompetent guides to the art of running a business."

"Fortunately, mistakes are not hushed up in Russia; they are attacked and remedied with uncompromising vigour; for there are no capitalist vested interests to be conciliated. After a few years of indescribable ruin and confusion . . . Lenin publicly told his colleagues that though their revolutionary principles were beyond praise, they knew less about the practical conduct of business than a Capitalist office boy."

"He was learning, from bitter experience what he might have learnt from the English Fabians, if they had been included in the Marxian canon instead of being placed in the index as being bourgeois . . ."

**C**ONCERNING the Stalin-Trotsky split, however, Mr. Shaw is O.K. by the Kromlin — anti-Trotskyist first, last, and all the time. . . . Trotsky told Lenin that either he or Stalin must go. Lenin managed to arrange matters; but the incident marks the beginning of the breach between Trotsky and Stalin which

Shavian Thought  
WELL lathered is half shaven.  
—THOMAS FULLER.

COUNT THE  
"TELEGRAPH"  
EVERYWHERE

opinion in Europe and America. "As the only result of convincing the world that Communism is in the least like Liberalism would be to destroy all interest in it, the prudence of this resurrection of the Right of Man is not obvious."

Of course, Mr. Shaw long since announced that he was done with liberty and all that, so there is nothing in Fascism to shock him very deeply. And he has always had a sneaking liking for strong supermen. It is naturally against Fascism uncompromisingly. But, slyly, he likes to detect its good points.

"All your would-be dictator has to do is to deal with fools according to their folly by giving them plenty of the stuff they like to swallow whilst he sets to work energetically

on reforms that appeal to everyone's common sense and comfort, and stops the more obvious abuses of the existing order.

The next step is to get rid of all the political and economic organisations formed by the people independently of the dictatorial power. This can be easily done by simple violence.

"Bodies of very young and athletic men, devoted to the dictator . . . will quite simply and naively break into the offices of these institutions, beat up the occupants, smash the furniture, empty the till, and use the lists of members to track down and beat up all the persons who have presumed to join such associations."

"So for a time, with a good leader, Fascism flourishes, and is thoroughly popular and democratic, that is why there is always a practical tendency to Fascism

beginning with the banishment of Trotsky and led later on to conspiracies for which some of the old Bolsheviks had to be executed; for revolutionary habits are hard to change; and it still holds good that one of the first jobs of a successful revolution is to get rid of the revolutionists."

"Stalin's victory . . . was a triumph of common sense; and neo-Trotskyism now means a conspiracy of anti-Stalinists who do not believe that Socialism can maintain itself without foreign alliances and concessions to Capitalist allies East and West."

On the U.S.S.R. Constitution, which was recently modified before it had operated, Mr. Shaw is illuminating:—

"Most of it might have been written by Tom Paine. It may be dismissed as a feat of window dressing to conciliate Liberal

writing for its release as two volumes of the new sixpence-a-time Pelican Books.

Value for money: for a shilling you get 408 pages of decently printed text, 23 pages of index, 12 pages of amusing synopses, besides title pages, paper covers, and so on.

Mr. Shaw assures readers "they have in their hands the authentic original text in full, word for word . . . with the addition of two new chapters dealing with events that have occurred since its first publication in 1928. The present edition is, in fact, a better bargain . . ."

**B**ETTER than "reviewing" these new chapters will be to give you some quotations from them, to show what Mr. Shaw has been thinking about.

First, he has a bee in his old bonnet about Sovietism, believing that

". . . had the Bolsheviks studied our British Post-Marxian Socialist literature . . . they might have avoided the ruinous business errors which so nearly wrecked the Russian Revolution."

"It was partly their fault for idolising Karl Marx, and despising his Fabian successors as bourgeois, very carelessly, as they were all bourgeois themselves. Marx is among the prophets, perhaps among the greatest of them; but prophets are very incompetent guides to the art of running a business."

"Fortunately, mistakes are not hushed up in Russia; they are attacked and remedied with uncompromising vigour; for there are no capitalist vested interests to be conciliated. After a few years of indescribable ruin and confusion . . . Lenin publicly told his colleagues that though their revolutionary principles were beyond praise, they knew less about the practical conduct of business than a Capitalist office boy."

"He was learning, from bitter experience what he might have learnt from the English Fabians, if they had been included in the Marxian canon instead of being placed in the index as being bourgeois . . ."

**M**ENTAL RADIO

Many are Telepathic Without Knowing It

UPTON SINCLAIR, the American writer, has perplexed some of his many admirers by declaring his belief in the existence of telepathy or "mental radio," as he describes it.

That two persons widely apart can communicate with each other by means of "thought waves" has long been accepted by occult students. But scientists and most average people have all been sceptical on the point.

The carefully documented facts

produced by Upton Sinclair, and

scores of greater experts in the field,

are causing a slow but sure change in opinion on the subject. In other words, more and more people are keeping an open mind on telepathy. If it is clearly established that there is a sixth sense in human beings the consequences to the human race cannot fail to be momentous.

That professional occult practitioners or mediums should be able, with success, to dabble in telepathy does not greatly impress the ordinary man or woman, but if it is proved that this sixth sense can be cultivated and trained by any intelligent person within himself, the situation

is radically changed.

The methods by which this sense

can be acquired appear to be very

varied. Mrs. Upton Sinclair, the one

who convinced her husband of the

truth of "mental radio," has full

length on a couch and concentrates

on what she wants to know about

any particular person, place, or

object.

A well-known London clairvoyant

goes out to her garden and sits under

a tree. A German telepathic be-

lieves in gazing intently into a clear

stream, while an old Irishwoman

who is noted in Dublin for her

powers of divination, gazes raptly at

a sacred picture. The object of all

these actions, of course, is to secure

complete concentration.

**Street Experiments**

Some years ago the late Arnold Bennett ridiculed the power of con-

centrated thought without speech or

action to a certain friend of his,

Both were going down Pall Mall at

the time, and the novelist's friend

offered to wager £5 that he would

be able to make any person walking

in front of them turn round. The

bet was accepted, and four of the

six "willed" people duly turned

round. Bennett was greatly im-

pressed and was fond of trying the

experiment himself afterwards.

"Mental radio" can be divided in

two kinds, the kind which can

divine what is in a sealed letter, &c.,

one specific object; that is, to exclude

the person out of 10,000, is able to con-

centrate entirely for five minutes on

the object by means of thought mes-

sages. The first mind.

practised by Mrs. Upton Sinclair is a form of clairvoyance; the second is much more important and interesting.

The advent of wireless broadcasting has undoubtedly opened the eyes of millions of people to the existence of unseen waves in the air, and the claim that thought can be transmitted is therefore not regarded as so fantastic as when Prentiss Mulford made it over forty years ago.

We are just on the threshold of

our knowledge of thought power. Even the medical profession now

admit that without the mental con-

centration on inanimate objects, one gains

in will power and thus becomes more

able later to experiment with thought

rays on human beings.

Nearly all great leaders possess the

"sixth sense," although most of them

are unaware of it. In Oriental coun-

tries the sense is everywhere recog-

nised and practised. There is no

explanation, but telepathy, for the

fact that long before telephones and

telegraphs were in use news

travelled almost instantaneously

hundreds and even thousands of

miles in India and China. The

Indian Mulay was known to the

natives in Bombay long before

it reached the white merchants.

All the wonders and powers of

the human mind have not yet been

explored. That elusive "sixth sense"

may well become one of the most

wonderful and precious possessions

of every man and woman, but it has

to be learnt. You have to practise, just as a baby has to practise walking.

Frank Bardon.

It is — not — concentration . . . for example, to gaze at an inkpot and recall, through it, school or office experiences. By practising concentration on inanimate objects, one gains in will power and thus becomes more able later to experiment with thought rays on human beings.

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to be learnt. You have to practise, just as a baby has to practise walking.

Frank Bardon.

**CONSIGNEES' NOTICES**

**HOLLAND-OOST AZIE LINN. N.V.**

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NEWS OF THE DAY  
IN PICTURES  
FROM FAR AND NEAR

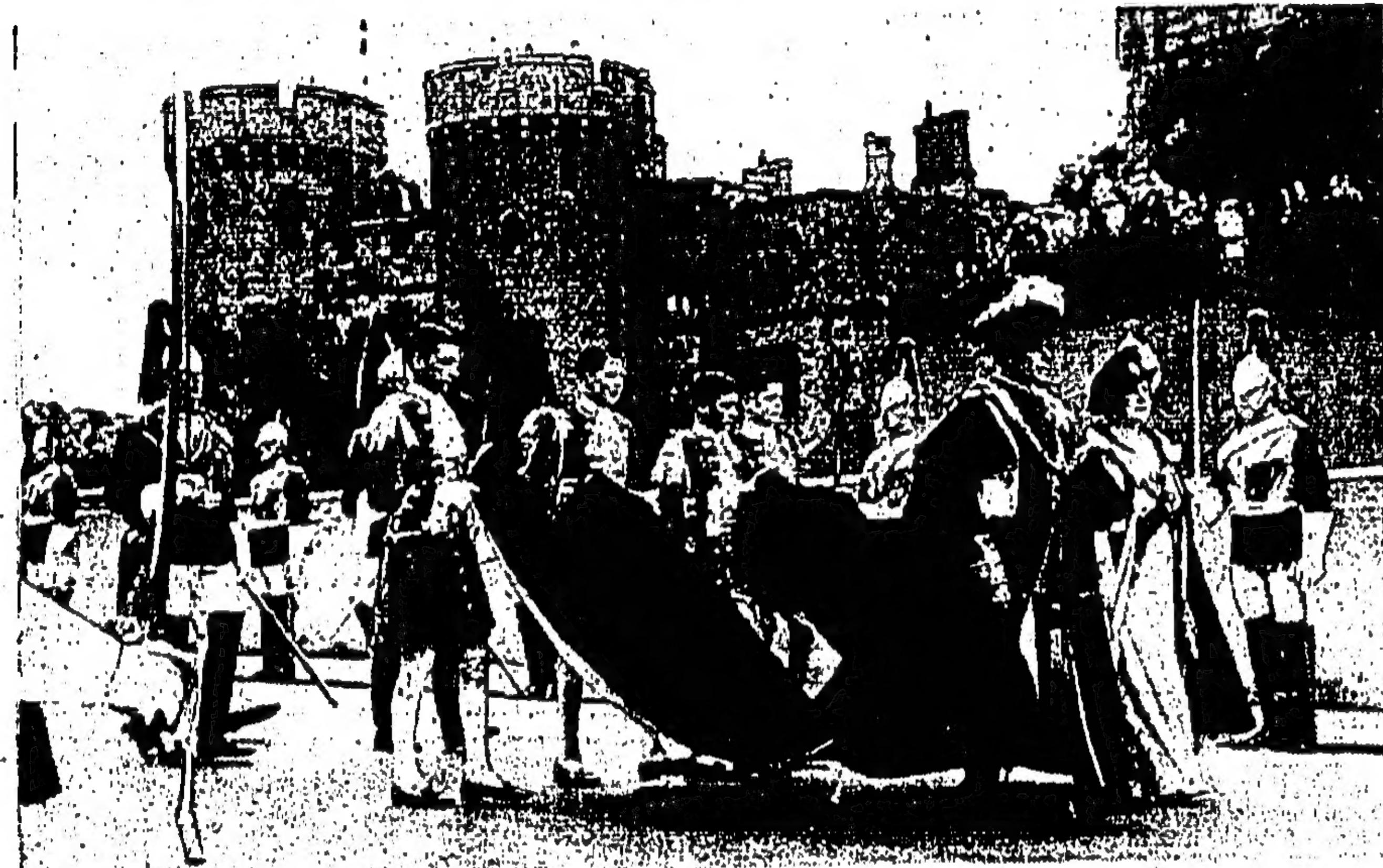
Hongkong Telegraph  
**PHOTONEWS**

FRIDAY, JULY 9, 1937.

HAPPENINGS  
AS SEEN BY  
THE CAMERA'S EYE



Wood and moss blazes often occur during the summer and the picture above shows the first moss blaze this season in East Prussia. The workers are digging large trenches in order to stop the fire advancing.



A pageant which for richness and splendour was second only to the Coronation Ceremony recently took place in St. George's Chapel, Windsor Castle, when the first service of the Order of the Garter was held for 23 years. The picture shows King George and Queen Elizabeth wearing the Blue Robes of the Order walking in the procession to St. George's Chapel for the Service.



At the camp at North Stoneham, England, the little Spanish refugees from Bilbao are cared for in different ways and this picture shows some of them doing physical jerks under an instructor.

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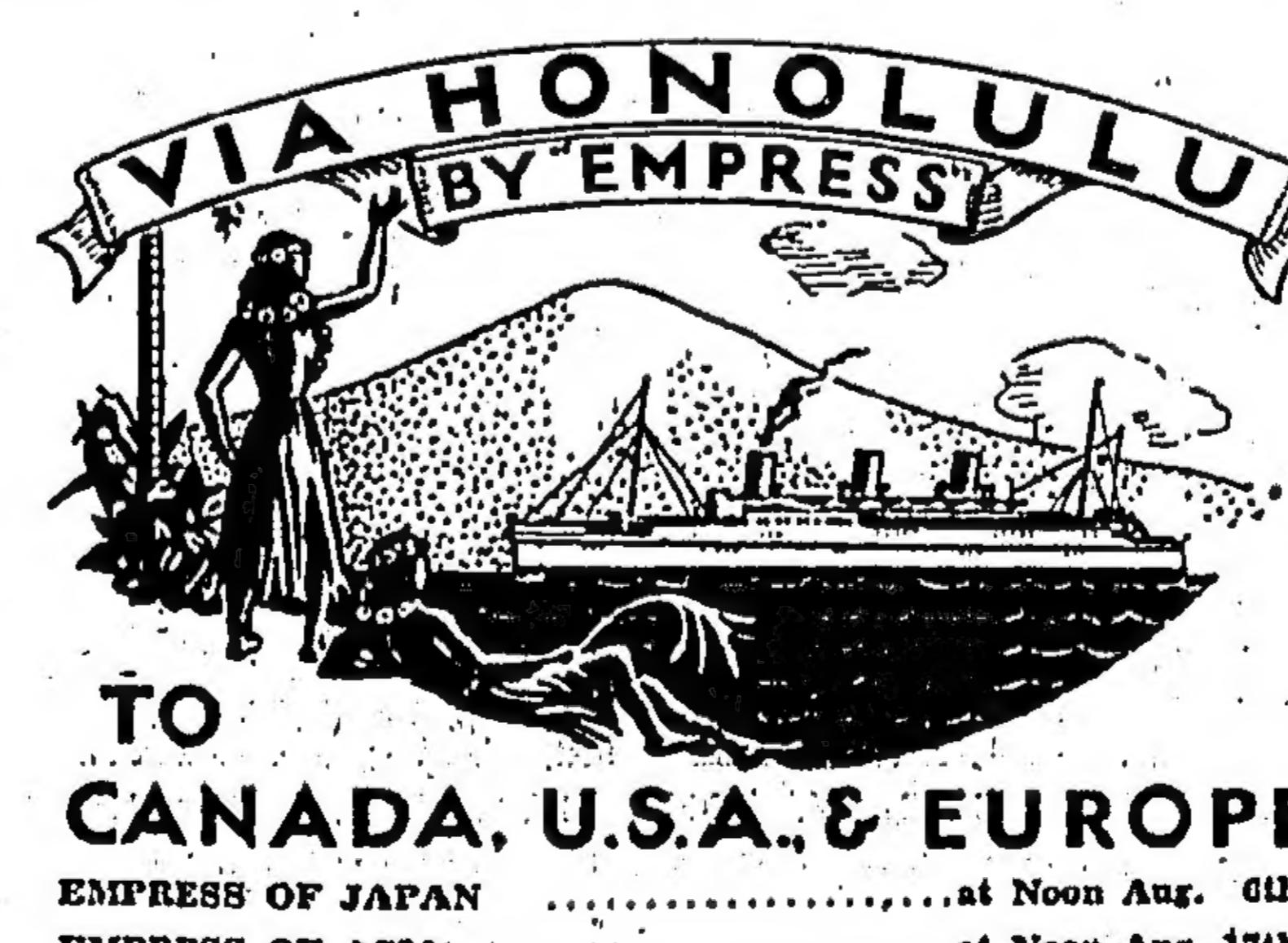
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Three little Berlin girls are seen rehearsing special songs which will be sung by them during the coming camping season.



Three little Berlin girls are seen rehearsing special songs which will be sung by them during the coming camping season.



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Hongkong, 18th May, 1937.

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(Incorporated in England, 1920.)

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Tokio (Takao)

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FINAL SHOWINGS TO-DAY AT 2.30, 5.10, 7.15 &amp; 9.30 p.m.

**"I'M TOO OLD TO GO CROOKED... BUT I'M NOT TOO OLD TO FIGHT!"**

A peace-loving man... but when "the mob" slandered his daughter... he moved into action! Drama as American... and thrilling... as "Yankee Doodle"... with the grand stars of "Abi Wilderness" brought gloriously together again!

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Starring LIONEL BARRYMORE as Cicilia PARKER-LINDEN as ERIC PARKER-LINDEN as MICKEY ROONEY as CHARLEY GRAPEWIN as LUCIEN HUBBARD and SAMUEL MARX as ALSO COLOURED TRAVEL TALK "BEAUTIFUL BAMFF AND LAKE LOUISE"

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Two Thrilling Stars in a Thrilling Game of Love!



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**MACDONALD****NELSON EDDY****Maytime**

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**CHINA'S ARMY CHEERFULLY AWAITS FIGHT****Young Troops Prepare To Defend Wangping: Snipers are Active**

(Special to "Telegraph")

Peiping, July 8. I visited Wangpinghsien this afternoon and saw ragged Chinese youths, in uniforms of grey, armed with automatic rifles, cheerfully manning the walls of the town and rapidly sandbagging their positions and digging trenches for cover at both ends of Marco Polo Bridge (Lukuchiao). I saw more of these young soldiers three miles away, on the other side of the Yingting River, towards Changhsintien, where are situated the important Pinghan Railway Works.

"All of these Chinese troops indicated that they were determined to resist any attack. Their morale was of the highest.

The Japanese are close by, on the north side of the Peiping-Hankow Railway. They hold the steel railway bridge 200 yards upstream from the Marco Polo Bridge.

**Snatches Robs Solicitor****But Charge Fails In Court**

While walking along Queen's Road Central, near the On Lok Yuen Cafe, about 2.15 p.m. yesterday, Mr. Alfred S. K. Lau, solicitor, of Messrs. To and Hodgson, was robbed of a fountain pen from his breast pocket. He caught hold of Ho Ching, 33, unemployed, who, however, was discharged when he was brought before Mr. K. Keen at the Central Magistracy this morning, on the ground of insufficient evidence.

Mr. Lau was at the time walking with Mr. Woo Pak-yeung, solicitor, of Messrs. Woo and Woo, and both of them stated in evidence that defendant brushed against them. They did not, however, actually see the theft, and the pen had not been recovered. The place was crowded at the time.

**VIOLENCE IN JERUSALEM**

Jerusalem, July 8. The first violence since the publication of the Palestine Royal Commission's report occurred here today when a Jew was stoned and seriously injured near Herod's Gate. —United Press.

**CLIPPER AT SOUTHAMPTON**

London, July 8. The Pan-American Clipper III arrived at the temporary air base at Southampton Water from Foynes at 10.30 a.m. yesterday. A welcome was given to Captain Harold Gray, commander, and members of the crew by the Mayor of Southampton and officials of the Air Ministry and Imperial Airways. —British Wireless.

**• 2 DAYS ONLY TO-DAY • TO-MORROW •****A COMEDY WITH A MILLION LAUGHS!****THE PIXILATED SISTERS ARE A RIOT!****"Eddie's Pixyed, Sister, Sure's You're Born!"****LET'S MAKE A MILLION****A Paramount Picture with EDWARD EVERETT HORTON Charlotte Walker • Porter Hall****2 DAYS ONLY SUNDAY & MONDAY****FILLED WITH COMEDY, SONG HITS, SWING MUSIC!****Loving, laughing, fighting and romancing in Panama.****CHARLES BUTTERWORTH the hottest piano player in Panama!****CAROLE LOMBARD FRED MacMURRAY****SWING HIGH, SWING LOW****• MATINEES: 20c. 30c. • EVENINGS: 20c. 30c. 50c. 70c. •****"Arcadians" Chosen****Next Philharmonic Production**

The public will be interested to learn that the Committee of the Hongkong Philharmonic Society has decided to proceed with arrangements for producing "The Arcadians", during the week ending December 10, under the direction of Mr. W. Robertson, as Honorary Producer and Mr. Lindsay A. Lafford, F.R.C.M., L.R.A.M., A.R.C.M. as Honorary Conductor.

The first rehearsal has been fixed for 5.30 p.m. on Monday, August 30, at the Cathedral Hall. This, however, will be confirmed at a later date.

**Chinese Y.M.C.A. Tragedy****Young Man Jumps To Death**

The Chinese Y.M.C.A., at Bridges' Street, was the scene of a shocking incident about 3 p.m. yesterday, when one of its residents succumbed to injuries caused by jumping from the roof.

The man was Yuen Yi-cheong, aged 30, who until a month ago, when he was taken ill with fever, was employed as a wireless operator on board a Chinese ship. He lived with his brother, an engineer graduate of the Hongkong University, in Room 21 of the Association.

On the arrival of Inspector Kirby a few minutes after the incident, Yuen was already dead.

**H. K. Weather Variations****Cooler Yesterday But Warmer To-day**

Yesterday's maximum temperature, 86 degrees, was three degrees lower than that of Wednesday, whilst the night minimum of 77 was one degree lower, according to Royal Observatory returns. This morning at 10 o'clock the temperature was 85, or two degrees above that of yesterday at the same hour, whilst humidity, at 77, was substantially lower than that of yesterday.

Rainfall for the 24 hours ended at 10 a.m. to-day was 0.02-inch, bringing the year's total to 42.78 inches, against an average of 41.90.

This morning's weather report reads: A weak anticyclone lies between the Loochoos and the Bonins. Pressure is relatively low over Western China and also over the Landes between the Philippines and the Carolines. Local Forecast: South winds, moderate; fair with local showers.

**Conflicting Claims****Insurgents State Loyalists Halted**

Madrid, July 8. The Government offensive on the northern sector of the Madrid front continues with success, according to a communiqué issued to-day.

It states that Loyalist troops advanced still further capturing a number of villages.

Insurgent reports, however, assert the Government attacks were repulsed with heavy losses.

Severe fighting is reported on the Biscay front. —Reuter Bulletin Service.

**Peace Prize For Boy Scout Chief**

The Hague, July 8. The peace prize amounting to £2,100 has been awarded to Lord Baden-Powell for his extraordinary services towards international understanding by means of the promotion of the Boy Scout Movement. —Reuter Bulletin Service.

**MAIN RAILWAYS ACTIVE BIGGER BRITISH RECEIPTS**

London, July 8. The first half year's traffic receipts on main line British railways show a gain of £3,545,000 as compared with the first twenty-six weeks of 1936. That period in turn showed takings of £1,819,000 above those of the first half of 1935.

To the total advance of £3,545,000, passengers contributed £1,420,000, merchandise £604,600 and coal and coke £1,214,600. —British Wireless.

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See The Widely-discussed "IRON LUNG" in OperationTO - MORROW • "AS GOOD AS MARRIED"  
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